BEFORE THE RAILROAD COMMISSION OF TEXAS

APPLICATION FILED BY WEST TEXAS GAS, INC. FOR TEST YEAR 2014 ANNUAL INTERIM RATE ADJUSTMENT PROGRAM FOR THE UNINCORPORATED AREAS OF TEXAS	L § GAS UTILITIES DOCKET NO. 10479	
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INTERIM RATE ADJUSTMENT ORDER

Notice of Open Meeting to consider this Order was duly posted with the Secretary of State within the time period provided by law pursuant to Tex. Gov't Code Ann Chapter 551 (2013). The Railroad Commission of Texas adopts the following findings of fact and conclusions of law and orders:

FINDINGS OF FACT

Background

- 1. West Texas Gas, Inc. ("WTG" or the "Company") is a "gas utility," as that term is defined in the Texas Utility Code, and is subject to the jurisdiction of the Railroad Commission of Texas ("Commission").
- 2. WTG owns and operates a natural gas distribution system.
- On November 10, 2015, WTG filed an application for an annual interim rate adjustment ("IRA") applicable to the unincorporated customers located in its Texas service area.
- 4. On November 10, 2015, WTG requested that the IRA become effective on February 9, 2016.
- 5. On November 13, 2015, the Commission suspended implementation of the Company's proposed IRA until March 25, 2016, which would be 45 days following the proposed implementation date of February 9, 2016.
- 6. Neither Tex. Util. Code § 104.301(2007) nor 16 Tex. Admin. Code, § 7.7101 (2010) provides the opportunity for parties to intervene in the Commission's review of an application for an annual IRA.
- 7. 16 Tex. ADMIN. CODE § 7.7101 allows written comments or a protest, concerning the proposed IRA, to be filed with the Oversight and Safety Division.
- 8. One letter of protest was received in this docket.

- 9. As of the date of this interim order, no further questions or comments were received by the Commission from the protestant.
- 10. This docket represents the second annual IRA for WTG since Gas Utility Docket ("GUD") No. 10235¹, the most recent rate case for the unincorporated service areas in Texas.
- 11. The first IRA for WTG was GUD No. 10418, which was approved on April 28, 2015.
- 12. Until promulgation of TEX. UTIL. CODE § 104.301 (2007), a utility could not increase its rates subject to the Commission's jurisdiction without filing with the Commission a formal statement of intent rate (SOI) case, including a comprehensive cost of service rate review.
- 13. The proposed IRA will allow WTG an opportunity to recover, subject to refund, a return on investment, depreciation expense, and related taxes on the incremental cost of infrastructure investment since its last rate case, without the necessity of filing a statement of intent rate case and without review by the Commission of the Company's comprehensive cost of service.

Applicability

- 14. This docket applies to only those rates over which the Commission has original jurisdiction, which includes the Company's unincorporated service areas in Texas.
- 15. As of December 31, 2014, WTG had had approximately 21,075 total Texas customers represents 16,867 jurisdictional and 4,208 non-jurisdictional. There are 3,429 domestic and 59 non-domestic unincorporated customers, over which the Commission has exclusive jurisdiction in this docket.

Most Recent Comprehensive Rate Case

- 16. WTG's most recent rate case for the area in which the IRA will be implemented is GUD No. 10235, Statement of Intent filed by West Texas Gas, Inc. to Increase Gas Distribution Rates in the Unincorporated Areas of Texas.
- 17. GUD No. 10235 was filed on January 24, 2013.
- 18. WTG and the interveners in GUD No. 10235 reached a settlement in that proceeding.
- 19. The Commission signed GUD No. 10235 Final Order on June 13, 2013, approving and adopting the settlement.

¹ Statement of Intent filed by West Texas Gas, Inc. to Increase Gas Distribution Rates in the Unincorporated Areas of Texas.

20. The following chart shows the factors that were established in GUD No. 10235 to calculate the return on investment, depreciation expense, ad valorem taxes, revenue related taxes, and federal income taxes for the Company as applied in this IRA proceeding.

Table 1.0
GUD No. 10235 IRA FACTORS

Factor	WTG
Rate of Return	7.91%
Depreciation Rate	Various ²
Federal Income taxes	35%

Interim Rate Adjustment

- 21. The revenue amounts to be recovered through WTG's proposed annual IRA for WTG are incremental to the revenue requirement established in the Company's most recent rate case for the area in which the IRA is to be implemented, GUD No. 10235, and subsequent IRA filings.
- 22. Under TEX. UTIL. CODE § 7.7101(f)(3), for the first IRA following the most recent rate case, a utility may adjust its rates based on the difference between invested capital at the end of the most recent rate case test-year and the invested capital at the end of the calendar year following the end of the most recent rate case test-year.
- 23. In GUD No. 10418, the first IRA following its most recent rate case in GUD No. 10235, WTG adjusted its rates based on the difference between its invested capital at the end of its Statement of Intent rate case test year ended June 30, 2012 and the incremental invested capital at the end of December 31, 2013.
- 24. In this second IRA, WTG adjusted its rates based on the difference between invested capital from December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2014.

² Staff's review confirms that the Company used the appropriate depreciation rates as approved in GUD No. 10235, in this docket.

- WTG seeks approval from the Commission for an adjustment to its revenue based on incremental net utility plant investment with regard to the following components: return on investment; depreciation expense; ad valorem taxes; and federal income taxes. The incremental change in revenue requirement that is recoverable through this IRA filing from all customers using the approved component factors is \$398,479 (Exhibit B), of which \$147,415 is recoverable from the jurisdictional customers; of that amount \$30,485 is recoverable from the unincorporated jurisdictional customers.
- 26. The value of WTG's invested capital is equal to the original cost of the investment at the time the investment was first dedicated to public use minus the accumulated depreciation related to that investment.
- 27. WTG's incremental net utility plant investment, in Texas, increase is \$1,425,587.
- 28. WTG is required to use the same factors to calculate the interim return on investment, depreciation expense, ad valorem taxes; and federal income taxes as those established or used in the final order setting rates in the Company's most recent rate case for the area in which the IRA is to be implemented (GUD No. 10235).
- 29. WTG filed the Commission's Annual Earnings Monitoring Report (EMR) as required by 16 TEX. ADMIN. CODE § 7.7101. The Company's actual rate of return was 4.53 % for the test year ended December 31, 2014, which does not exceed the 75 basis points above the return established in GUD. No. 10235, which was 7.91%.
- 30. GUD No. 10235, WTG's most recent SOI rate case for the unincorporated service areas and the basis for the key factors in this IRA calculation, was approved by the Commission on June 13, 2013. Customer Charge, set in this docket, is shown in Column B of the table below.
- 31. The IRA approved for GUD No. 10418, the *first* IRA application for the unincorporated service areas, are shown in Column C, below.
- 32. The IRA approved in this GUD No. 10479, the *second* IRA application for the unincorporated service areas, are shown in Column D, below.

³ Exhibit B, Schedule A, of the Application.

33. When the Customer Charge, as established in GUD No. 10235, and the IRA (Columns B, C, and D) are added, the resulting customer charges for the affected customer classes are as shown in Column E, below.

Table 2.0
WTG Unincorporated Service Area Customer Charges and IRA Increase

A	В	С	D	Е
	Customer			
Customer	Charge	GUD 10418	GUD 10479	New Customer
Type	GUD 10235	(2013 IRA)	(2014 IRA)	Charge
Domestic	\$ 10.00	\$ 2.02	\$ 0.62	\$ 12.64
Non- Domestic	\$ 13.70	\$ 5.33	\$ 1.69	\$ 20.72

- 34. WTG filed its Annual Project Report as required by 16 Tex. ADMIN. CODE § 7.7101 (2010).
 - a. Net Texas capital additions included in this docket totaled \$21,542,171, ⁴ before adjustments.
 - b. Gross Texas plant total is \$ 142,464,502.⁵
 - c. Integrity testing projects are 0.00% of total net additions.⁶
 - d. Distribution Integrity Management Program (DIMP) projects are included in Safety-related projects and total 46.07% of total net additions.⁷
 - e. Pipeline Integrity Management Program (IMP) projects are 0.00% of the total net additions.⁸
- WTG proposed the IRA as a flat rate to be applied to the monthly customer charges rather than as a volumetric rate to be applied to the initial block usage rates.⁹
- 36. WTG is required to show its annual IRA on its customers' monthly billing statements as a surcharge.
- 37. The proposed IRA does not require an evidentiary proceeding; rather, Tex. Util. Code § 104.301 and 16 Tex. Admin. Code, § 7.7101 require the regulatory authority to review a utility's method of calculating the IRA.
- 38. Due process protections are deferred until WTG files its next full statement of intent rate case.

⁴ Exhibit B, Schedule A, of the Application

⁵ Exhibit B, Schedule A, of the Application.

⁶ WTG's Response to Staff's RFI No. 1-10.

⁷ WTG's Response to Staff's RFI No. 1-11.

⁸ WTG's Response to Staff's RFI No. 1-12.

⁹ Exhibit B, Schedule A, of the Application.

Notice

39. Adequate notice by WTG was provided to its domestic and non-domestic customers via direct mailing on December 10, 2015, and thus completed within 45 days of the filing, fulfilling the requirements under Tex. UTIL. CODE § 104.301(a).

Comprehensive Rate Case Required

- WTG is not required to initiate a statement of intent rate case at the time it applies for an IRA.
- 41. Under 16 Tex. Util. Code § 7.7101(l) (2010), a gas utility that implements an IRA and does not file a rate case before the fifth anniversary of the date its initial IRA became effective is required to file a rate case no later than the 180th day after that anniversary.
- WTG is required to file a statement of intent rate case for the unincorporated areas of the Company's Texas service area to the Commission no later than October 25, 2020.
- 43. Under 16 Tex. Admin. Code § 7.7101(j), any change in investment and related expenses and revenues that have been included in an IRA shall be fully subject to review for reasonableness and prudence in the next rate case. Per 16 Tex. Admin. Code § 7.7101(i), all amounts collected from customers under an IRA tariff are subject to refund until the conclusion of the next rate case.

Review of Interim Rate Adjustment

- WTG's proposed allocation methodology complies with Tex. UTIL. CODE, § 104.301, and with 16 Tex. ADMIN. CODE, § 7.7101.
- 45. It is reasonable for the Commission to approve use of the allocation methodology used to determine WTG's overall cost of service (less other revenue, gas cost, and revenue related taxes) as determined in its most recent rate case. The following overall cost of service allocation factors for use in the calculation of WTG's interim rate adjustments are reasonable:

Revenue Requirement Allocation for the unincorporated areas Of WTG's Service Area

Customer Class	Allocation Factors
Domestic	0.7607
Non-Domestic	0.2393
Total	1.0

WTG's proposed customer counts comply with Tex. UTIL. CODE, § 104.301, and with 16 Tex. ADMIN. CODE, § 7.7101. For calculating the number of customer charges per year, it is reasonable for the Commission to approve use of the 2014 monthly summation of customer bills. The following total numbers of customer charges for use in the calculation of the IRA are reasonable:

Customer count for the unincorporated jurisdictional areas
Of WTG's Service Area

Customer Class	Annual Number of Customers
Domestic	3,429
Non-Domestic	59
Total	3,488

47. It is reasonable for the Commission to approve WTG's application for the IRA. The following amounts of the IRA revenue and additional customer charges by customer class are reasonable:

Customer Class	IRA Revenue from Unincorporated Service Areas	IRA Revenue from Incorporated Service Areas	Additional Customer Charge
Domestic	\$ 23,190	\$ 88,949	\$0.62
Non-Domestic	\$ 7,295	\$ 27,982	\$1.69
Total Increase	\$ 30,485	\$ 116,931	

Reimbursements of Expense

- 48. As provided for in the statute and the rule, a gas utility that implements an IRA is required to reimburse the Commission for the utility's proportionate share of the Commission's annual costs related to the administration of the IRA mechanism.
- 49. After the Commission has finally acted on WTG's application for an IRA, the Director of the Oversight and Safety Division will estimate the Company's proportionate share of the Commission's annual costs related to the processing of such applications.

- 50. In making the estimate of WTG's proportionate share of the Commission's annual costs related to the processing of such applications, the Director will take into account the number of utilities the Commission reasonably expects to file for IRAs during the fiscal year, and the costs expected to be incurred in processing such applications.
- WTG is required to reimburse the Commission for the amount determined by the Director of the Oversight and Safety Division, within 30 days after receipt of notice of the amount of the reimbursement.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

- 1. WTG is a "gas utility" as defined in TEX. UTIL. CODE ANN. § 101.003(7) and § 121.001, and is therefore subject to the jurisdiction of the Railroad Commission of Texas (Commission).
- 2. The Commission has jurisdiction over WTG's application for an IRA for incremental changes in investment, and the subject matter of this case under TEX. UTIL. CODE ANN. §§ 102.001, 104.001, 104.002, and 104.301.
- 3. Under Tex. Util. Code Ann. § 102.001, the Commission has exclusive original jurisdiction over the rates and services of a gas utility that distributes natural gas in areas outside of a municipality and over the rates and services of a gas utility that transmits, transports, delivers, or sells natural gas to a gas utility that distributes the gas to the public.
- 4. Under the provisions of the Tex. UTIL. CODE ANN. § 104.301 and 16 Tex. ADMIN. CODE § 7.7101, WTG is required to seek Commission approval before implementing an interim rate adjustment tariff for environs customers.
- 5. WTG filed its application for an IRA for changes in investment in accordance with the provisions of Tex. Util. Code Ann. § 104.301 and 16 Tex. Admin. Code § 7.7101.
- 6. WTG's application for an IRA was processed in accordance with the requirements of TEX. UTIL. CODE ANN. § 104.301 and 16 TEX. ADMIN. CODE § 7.7101.
- 7. In accordance with 16 Tex. ADMIN. CODE § 7.315, within 30 days of the effective date of any change to rates or services, WTG is required to file with the Oversight and Safety Division of the Commission its revised tariffs.
- 8. WTG may not charge any rate that has not been successfully electronically filed and accepted as a tariff filing pursuant to Tex. UTIL. CODE ANN. §§ 102.151 and 104.002 and 16 Tex. ADMIN. CODE § 7.315.

- 9. In accordance with TEX. UTIL. CODE ANN. § 104.301(a) and 16 TEX. ADMIN. CODE § 7.7101(a), the filing date of WTG's most recent rate case, in which there is a final order setting rates for the area in which the IRA will apply, was no more than two years prior to the date WTG filed its initial IRA.
- WTG is required, under TEX. UTIL. CODE ANN. § 104.301(e) and 16 TEX. ADMIN. CODE § 7.7101(d), to file with the Commission an annual project report, including the cost, need, and customers benefited by the change in investment, and describing the investment projects completed and placed in service during the preceding calendar year and the investments retired or abandoned during the preceding calendar year.
- 11. WTG shall include in all future annual IRA filings, relocation project reports that provide additional information about relocation project costs included in investment projects, in the same format as required in this docket.
- 12. WTG is required, under TEX. UTIL. CODE ANN. § 104.301(f) and 16 TEX. ADMIN. CODE § 7.7101(e), to file with the Commission an annual earnings monitoring report demonstrating WTGs' earnings during the preceding calendar year.
- WTG is required, under 16 Tex. ADMIN. CODE § 7.7101(h), to recalculate its approved IRA annually and is required to file an application for an annual adjustment no later than 60 days prior to the one-year anniversary of the proposed implementation date of the previous IRA application.
- 14. In accordance with 16 Tex. ADMIN. CODE § 7.7101(i), all amounts collected from customers under WTG's IRA tariffs or rate schedules are subject to refund. The issues of refund amounts, if any, and whether interest should be included on refunded amounts and, if so, the rate of interest, shall be addressed in the rate case a gas utility files or the Commission initiates after the implementation of an IRA and shall be the subjects of specific findings of fact in the Commission's final order setting rates.
- 15. In accordance with 16 Tex. ADMIN. CODE § 7.7101(j), in the rate case that WTG files or the Commission initiates after the implementation of an IRA, any change in investment and related expenses and revenues that have been included in any IRA shall be fully subject to review for reasonableness and prudence. Upon issuance of a final order setting rates in the rate case that WTG files or the Commission initiates after the implementation of an interim rate adjustment, any change in investment and related expenses and revenues that have been included in any interim rate adjustment shall no longer be subject to review for reasonableness or prudence.
- The Commission has authority to suspend the implementation of the IRA, under Tex. UTIL. CODE ANN. § 104.301(a) and 16 Tex. ADMIN. CODE § 7.7101(e).

- WTG provided adequate notice of its IRA, in accordance with Tex. Util. Code Ann. § 104.301(a) and 16 Tex. Admin. Code § 7.7101(b).
- WTG's application for an interim rate adjustment, as proposed, complies with all provisions of Tex. UTIL. CODE ANN. § 104.301 and 16 Tex. ADMIN. CODE § 7.7101.
- 19. WTG's interim rate adjustments set forth in the findings of fact and conclusions of law in this Order comply with the provisions of TEX UTIL. CODE ANN. § 104.301 and 16 TEX. ADMIN. CODE § 7.7101.
- 20. In accordance with Tex. Util. Code Ann. §104.301(h) and 16 Tex. Admin. Code § 7.7101(l), WTG shall file a comprehensive rate case for the areas in which the IRA is implemented, no later than the 180th day after the fifth anniversary of the date its initial IRA became effective, or October 25, 2020.
- 21. The Commission has authority, under TEX. UTIL. CODE ANN. § 104.301(j) and 16 TEX. ADMIN. CODE § 7.7101(m), to recover from WTG the utility's proportionate share of the Commission's annual costs related to the administration of the IRA mechanism.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED BY THE RAILROAD COMMISSION OF TEXAS THAT West Texas Gas' interim rate adjustment for the unincorporated service area, as requested, and to the extent recommended to be approved in the findings of fact and conclusions of law, is HEREBY APPROVED, subject to refund, to be effective for bills rendered on or after the date of this order.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED THAT West Texas Gas **SHALL** file with the Commission no later than October 25, 2020, a statement of intent to change rates as required under Tex. UTIL. CODE ANN. § 104.301(h) (Vernon 2010) and 16 Tex. ADMIN. CODE § 7.7101(l).

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED THAT within 30 days of this order West Texas Gas **SHALL** electronically file its IRA tariff, Exhibit A, in proper form that accurately reflects the rates approved by the Commission in this Order.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED THAT West Texas Gas **SHALL** not charge any rate that has not been electronically filed and accepted by the Commission as a tariff.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED THAT West Texas Gas SHALL reimburse the expenses incurred by the Commission in reviewing this application. The amount of this reimbursement shall be determined by the Director of the Oversight and Safety Division. This Order will not be final and effective until 20 days after a party is notified of the Commission's order. A party is presumed to have been notified of the Commission's order three days after the date on which the notice is actually mailed. If a timely motion for rehearing is filed by any party at interest, this order shall not become final and effective until such motion is overruled, or if such motion is granted, this order shall be subject to further action by the Commission. Pursuant to Tex. Gov't Code § 2001.146(e), the time allotted for Commission action on a motion for rehearing in this case prior to its being overruled by operation of law, is hereby extended until 90 days from the date the order is served on the parties.

Any portion of WTG' application not expressly granted herein is overruled. All requested findings of fact and conclusions of law, which are not expressly adopted herein, are denied. All pending motions and requests for relief not previously granted or granted herein are denied.

GUD NO. 10479 EXHIBIT A

Tariffs

WEST TEXAS GAS, INC.
WTG Distribution Systems
RRC Tariff No: 26583

RATE SCHEDULE: DOMESTIC GAS SERVICE – WTG RATE #900

APPLICABLE TO: Environs of Hansford County, Environs of Ochiltree County, City of Canadian & Environs, City of Miami, City of Miami Environs, Environs of Lipscomb County, Environs of Hemphill County, Environs of Wheeler County, Dalhart Rural, Spearman Rural, City of Groom Environs, Unincorporated area of Farwell, Incorporated Area of Stratford, Unincorporated area of Stratford, City of Texhoma Environs, Unincorporated areas of Roberts County, Etter, Kerrick, City of Dalhart, City of Dalhart Environs, City of Canyon, City of Canyon Environs, (Note, Incorporated Areas will go into effect by municipal ordinance or operation of law.)

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EFFECTIVE DATE: Bills Rendered on and after 02/09/2016

Subject to applicable rate adjustment provisions listed below, the following rates are the maximum applicable to Domestic consumers per meter billing cycle or for any part of a billing cycle for which gas service is available at the same location.

 Customer Charge
 \$10.00

 2013 GRIP Charge
 \$ 2.02

 2014 GRIP Charge
 \$ 0.62

Total Customer Charge \$12.64 per month

All Consumption @ \$3.76 per Mcf

The due date of the bill for utility service shall not be less than 15 days after issuance, or such other period of time as may be provided by order of the regulatory authority. A bill for utility service is delinquent if unpaid by the due date.

Gas Cost Adjustment

Gas Cost Adjustment is intended to allow collection of the Company's gas purchase costs in a manner that will lessen monthly fluctuations in the gas cost factor and ensure that all amounts billed to customers are fully reconciled with actual costs incurred, subject to limitations for excessive lost and unaccounted for gas. This clause shall apply to customers in the North Gas Cost Zone.

Purchased Gas Cost Component

The Purchase Gas Cost for said Gas Cost Zone shall be computed utilizing the following components for the distribution system customers.

- (i) Cost of gas purchased
- (ii) Credits, Refunds, or out of Period Adjustments
- (iii) Cost of gas withdrawn from storage
- (iv) Interest on storage gas withdrawn
- (v) Upstream gathering and Transportation Charges
- (vi) Storage Deliverability Charges

- (vii) Storage Capacity Charges
- (viii) New Taxes on the purchased gas or the purchase transaction and not reflected on elsewhere on customer bills

The Company shall keep accurate records of all storage gas purchases, including the date, quantity, cost, and associated expenses. The Company shall account for storage gas purchases and withdrawals using a weighted average cost basis.

Purchased Gas Factor Calculation (PGF)

Each customer bill shall include a Purchased Gas Factor reflecting the estimated weighted average cost of gas, plus additional elements described in this section, during the period covered by the bill for said Gas Cost Zone. The PGF shall be determined to the nearest \$0.001 per Mcf, and the following provisions shall apply:

- (i) In addition to the estimated weighted average cost of gas for the current month's billing period, the PGF may include a pro rata portion of an amount reflecting the difference between the estimated WACOG and the actual WACOG during the previous billing period for said Gas Cost Zone
- (ii) The PGF shall also include a "Reconciliation Factor", an amount reflecting the customer's share of any gas cost imbalances in the preceding reconciliation period for said Gas Cost Zone
- (iii) The PGF factor may also include an amount reflecting any new taxes or levies specifically applied to gas costs or purchases and not otherwise reflected on the customer bill for said Gas Cost Zone

The Purchased Gas Factor is expressed as a formula as follows:

(A+/-B) + C + D = E

Where

A = Estimated WACOG

B = Estimated WACOG/Act. WACOG Difference

C = Reconciliation Factor

D = New Taxes

E = Total PGF

Gas Cost Reconciliation (GCR)

The Company shall keep accurate books and records of the Reconciliation Review and monthly PGF reports to the Railroad Commission of Texas and shall account for the Reconciliation Component and the Reconciliation Factors for said Gas Cost Zone.

A Reconciliation Review and calculation shall first determine whether the lost and unaccounted for gas is more or less than 5% of that metered into the system. The sales volumes shall be converted to the same pressure base as the purchase volumes. Calculations of the sales volumes furnished to its gas sales customers (from meters not corrected for pressure and/or temperature) shall be calculated utilizing the following service pressures (psia) for each listed municipality and associated environs:

Cactus 13.28, Canadian, 13.88, Canyon 13.45, Claude 13.38, Dalhart 13.07, Darrouzett 13.78, Farwell 13.18, Follett 13.68, Groom 13.38, Higgins 13.78, Miami 13.68, Mobeetie 13.78, Shamrock 13.88, Stratford 13.18, Texhoma 13.38, Texline 12.98, Wheeler 13.78

If the Reconciliation Review indicates a gas loss or gas gain of less than 5% of that metered into the system, the following methodology shall apply:

- (i) The Company shall calculate the imbalance between its Net Jurisdictional Cost of Gas and amount collected through the PGA billed on a monthly basis for said Gas Cost Zone. The Net Jurisdictional Cost of Gas shall be calculated by multiplying the Total Jurisdictional Sales Volumes by the Actual P/S Ratio to arrive at the Calculated Purchase Volume. The Calculated Purchased Volume is then multiplied by the WACOG to arrive at the Net Jurisdictional Cost of Gas.
- (ii) Interest shall be applied to each monthly imbalance for said Gas Cost Zone and shall accrue for each month of the review period.
- (iii) The interest rate shall be the same as determined by the Public Utility Commission of Texas for refunds on customer deposits and in effect during the last month of the audit period (June).
- (iv) The sum of the monthly imbalances, plus interest for said Gas Cost Zone for the period under review shall be the Reconciliation Amount, the total amount to be refunded/surcharged in said Gas Cost Zone.

If the Reconciliation Review indicates a gas loss or gain of greater than 5% of that metered into the system, the following methodology shall apply:

- (i) The Company shall calculate the imbalance between its Purchase Gas Cost and Sales Amount on a monthly basis for said Gas Cost Zones Purchase Gas Cost amounts in excess of the 1.0526 ratio shall be disallowed by:
 - 1) Dividing total Purchase Volumes for the 12-month review period by the total Sales Volumes for the same period in said Gas Cost Zone.
 - 2) Subtracting that result from 1, which when expressed as a percentage, becomes said Gas Cost Zones Actual P/S Ratio.
 - 3) Subtracting 5.26% from said Gas Cost Zones Actual P/S Ratio, results in a Disallowance Factor for the review period.
 - 4) Multiplying the Disallowance Factor by the Purchase Volumes for each month and by the WACOG for each month, for said Gas Cost Zone will result in an amount to be disallowed each month.
 - 5) The Net Jurisdictional Cost of Gas shall be calculated by multiplying the Total Jurisdictional Sales Volume by the Actual P/S Ratio to arrive at the Calculated Purchased Volume. The Calculated Purchased Volume is then multiplied by the WACOG to arrive at the Jurisdictional Cost of Gas. The Net Jurisdictional Cost of Gas is calculated by subtracting the Disallowed Amount calculated above.
- (ii) Interest shall be applied to each monthly imbalance for said Gas Cost Zone and shall accrue for each month of the review period.
- (iii) The interest rate shall be the rate in effect during the last month of the audit period (June).

(iv) The sum of the monthly imbalances, plus interest for the period under review shall be the Reconciliation Amount for said Gas Cost Zone or the total amount to be refunded or surcharged.

Reconciliation Factor Calculation (RFC)

The Reconciliation Amount for said Gas Cost Zone shall be divided by 12, resulting in the Reconciliation Component.

The Reconciliation Component shall be reflected in a refund or surcharge on each customer bill, according to Gas Cost Zone, over a twelve-month period beginning with the first billing cycle in September following the period covered by the review.

The Reconciliation Component for each month of the reconciliation period shall be calculated by dividing the Reconciliation Amount by the estimated Sales Volumes for the applicable billing period. The result will be a monthly Reconciliation Factor, expressed in Mcf for each Gas Cost Zone. Any under or over collection from the prior month may be factored in subsequent months Reconciliation Component.

Each month during the reconciliation period, the PGF for each Gas Cost Zone on consumer bills shall be increased or reduced by the product of the number of Mcf billed to the customer and the monthly Reconciliation Factor, as indicated in the section of PGF calculations. Any under or over collections remaining at the end of the gas reconciliation period will be carried forward to the next gas reconciliation period.

Recovery of Existing Purchased Gas Cost Imbalances

The Company shall determine the amount of unrecovered purchased gas costs applicable to the customers served in each incorporated city or rural area immediately prior to the effectiveness of new Gas Cost Zones. Any resulting over-recovery or under-recovery in excess of \$25,000 shall be charged or credited, as appropriate, to the customers in each such city or rural area. Any over-recovery or under-recovery of less than \$25,000 in any incorporated city of rural area shall be recovered along with any Purchase Gas Costs in the applicable Gas Cost Zone.

Revenue Related Tax Adjustment

Each monthly bill, as adjusted above shall also be adjusted by an amount equivalent to the various revenue related taxes, franchise fees, rentals, or other fees and charges imposed by regulatory or governmental authorities. This includes, but not limited to, Gross Receipts Taxes, Municipal Taxes, Fees, or any other governmental imposition, rental fee or charge levied that is based on any portion of revenues billed by Company.

Rate Case Expense Surcharge

Rate case expenses will be recovered through a surcharge designed for a sixty month recovery period. A \$0.0984 per Mcf surcharge shall be added to each monthly billing until the approved rate case expenses are recovered.

WEST TEXAS GAS, INC.
WTG Distribution Systems
RRC Tariff No: 26584

RATE SCHEDULE: NON-DOMESTIC GAS SERVICE – WTG RATE #901

APPLICABLE TO: Environs of Hansford County, Environs of Ochiltree County, City of Canadian & Environs, City of Miami, City of Miami Environs, Environs of Lipscomb County, Environs of Hemphill County, Environs of Wheeler County, Dalhart Rural, Spearman Rural, City of Groom Environs, Unincorporated area of Farwell, Incorporated Area of Stratford, Unincorporated area of Stratford, City of Texhoma Environs, Unincorporated areas of Roberts County, Etter, Kerrick, City of Dalhart, City of Dalhart Environs, City of Canyon, City of Canyon Environs, (Note, Incorporated Areas will go into effect by municipal ordinance or operation of law)

EFFECTIVE DATE: Bills Rendered on and after 02/09/2016

Subject to applicable rate adjustment provisions listed below, the following rates are the maximum applicable to Non-Domestic consumers per meter billing cycle or for any part of a billing cycle for which gas service is available at the same location.

 Customer Charge
 \$13.70

 2013 GRIP Charge
 \$ 5.33

 2014 GRIP Charge
 \$ 1.69

Total Customer Charge \$20.72 per month

All Consumption @ \$2.59 per Mcf

The due date of the bill for utility service shall not be less than 15 days after issuance, or such other period of time as may be provided by order of the regulatory authority. A bill for utility service is delinquent if unpaid by the due date.

Gas Cost Adjustment

Gas Cost Adjustment is intended to allow collection of the Company's gas purchase costs in a manner that will lessen monthly fluctuations in the gas cost factor and ensure that all amounts billed to customers are fully reconciled with actual costs incurred, subject to limitations for excessive lost and unaccounted for gas. This clause shall apply to customers in the North Gas Cost Zone.

Purchased Gas Cost Component

The Purchase Gas Cost for said Gas Cost Zone shall be computed utilizing the following components for the distribution system customers.

- (i) Cost of gas purchased
- (ii) Credits, Refunds, or out of Period Adjustments
- (iii) Cost of gas withdrawn from storage
- (iv) Interest on storage gas withdrawn
- (v) Upstream gathering and Transportation Charges
- (vi) Storage Deliverability Charges

- (vii) Storage Capacity Charges
- (viii) New Taxes on the purchased gas or the purchase transaction and not reflected on elsewhere on customer bills

The Company shall keep accurate records of all storage gas purchases, including the date, quantity, cost, and associated expenses. The Company shall account for storage gas purchases and withdrawals using a weighted average cost basis.

Purchased Gas Factor Calculation (PGF)

Each customer bill shall include a Purchased Gas Factor reflecting the estimated weighted average cost of gas, plus additional elements described in this section, during the period covered by the bill for said Gas Cost Zone. The PGF shall be determined to the nearest \$0.001 per Mcf, and the following provisions shall apply:

- (i) In addition to the estimated weighted average cost of gas for the current month's billing period, the PGF may include a pro rata portion of an amount reflecting the difference between the estimated WACOG and the actual WACOG during the previous billing period for said Gas Cost Zone
- (ii) The PGF shall also include a "Reconciliation Factor", an amount reflecting the customer's share of any gas cost imbalances in the preceding reconciliation period for said Gas Cost Zone
- (iii) The PGF factor may also include an amount reflecting any new taxes or levies specifically applied to gas costs or purchases and not otherwise reflected on the customer bill for said Gas Cost Zone

The Purchased Gas Factor is expressed as a formula as follows:

(A+/-B) + C + D = E

Where

A = Estimated WACOG

B = Estimated WACOG/Act. WACOG Difference

C = Reconciliation Factor

D = New Taxes

E = Total PGF

Gas Cost Reconciliation (GCR)

The Company shall keep accurate books and records of the Reconciliation Review and monthly PGF reports to the Railroad Commission of Texas and shall account for the Reconciliation Component and the Reconciliation Factors for said Gas Cost Zone.

A Reconciliation Review and calculation shall first determine whether the lost and unaccounted for gas is more or less than 5% of that metered into the system. The sales volumes shall be converted to the same pressure base as the purchase volumes. Calculations of the sales volumes furnished to its gas sales customers (from meters not corrected for pressure and/or temperature) shall be calculated utilizing the following service pressures (psia) for each listed municipality and associated environs:

Cactus 13.28, Canadian, 13.88, Canyon 13.45, Claude 13.38, Dalhart 13.07, Darrouzett 13.78, Farwell 13.18, Follett 13.68, Groom 13.38, Higgins 13.78, Miami 13.68, Mobeetie 13.78, Shamrock 13.88, Stratford 13.18, Texhoma 13.38, Texline 12.98, Wheeler 13.78

If the Reconciliation Review indicates a gas loss or gas gain of less than 5% of that metered into the system, the following methodology shall apply:

- (i) The Company shall calculate the imbalance between its Net Jurisdictional Cost of Gas and amount collected through the PGA billed on a monthly basis for said Gas Cost Zone. The Net Jurisdictional Cost of Gas shall be calculated by multiplying the Total Jurisdictional Sales Volumes by the Actual P/S Ratio to arrive at the Calculated Purchase Volume. The Calculated Purchased Volume is then multiplied by the WACOG to arrive at the Net Jurisdictional Cost of Gas.
- (ii) Interest shall be applied to each monthly imbalance for said Gas Cost Zone and shall accrue for each month of the review period.
- (iii) The interest rate shall be the same as determined by the Public Utility Commission of Texas for refunds on customer deposits and in effect during the last month of the audit period (June).
- (iv) The sum of the monthly imbalances, plus interest for said Gas Cost Zone for the period under review shall be the Reconciliation Amount, the total amount to be refunded/surcharged in said Gas Cost Zone.

If the Reconciliation Review indicates a gas loss or gain of greater than 5% of that metered into the system, the following methodology shall apply:

- (i) The Company shall calculate the imbalance between its Purchase Gas Cost and Sales Amount on a monthly basis for said Gas Cost Zones Purchase Gas Cost amounts in excess of the 1.0526 ratio shall be disallowed by:
 - 1) Dividing total Purchase Volumes for the 12-month review period by the total Sales Volumes for the same period in said Gas Cost Zone.
 - 2) Subtracting that result from 1, which when expressed as a percentage, becomes said Gas Cost Zones Actual P/S Ratio.
 - 3) Subtracting 5.26% from said Gas Cost Zones Actual P/S Ratio, results in a Disallowance Factor for the review period.
 - 4) Multiplying the Disallowance Factor by the Purchase Volumes for each month and by the WACOG for each month, for said Gas Cost Zone will result in an amount to be disallowed each month.
 - 5) The Net Jurisdictional Cost of Gas shall be calculated by multiplying the Total Jurisdictional Sales Volume by the Actual P/S Ratio to arrive at the Calculated Purchased Volume. The Calculated Purchased Volume is then multiplied by the WACOG to arrive at the Jurisdictional Cost of Gas. The Net Jurisdictional Cost of Gas is calculated by subtracting the Disallowed Amount calculated above.
- (ii) Interest shall be applied to each monthly imbalance for said Gas Cost Zone and shall accrue for each month of the review period.
- (iii) The interest rate shall be the rate in effect during the last month of the audit period (June).

(iv) The sum of the monthly imbalances, plus interest for the period under review shall be the Reconciliation Amount for said Gas Cost Zone or the total amount to be refunded or surcharged.

Reconciliation Factor Calculation (RFC)

The Reconciliation Amount for said Gas Cost Zone shall be divided by 12, resulting in the Reconciliation Component.

The Reconciliation Component shall be reflected in a refund or surcharge on each customer bill, according to Gas Cost Zone, over a twelve-month period beginning with the first billing cycle in September following the period covered by the review.

The Reconciliation Component for each month of the reconciliation period shall be calculated by dividing the Reconciliation Amount by the estimated Sales Volumes for the applicable billing period. The result will be a monthly Reconciliation Factor, expressed in Mcf for each Gas Cost Zone. Any under or over collection from the prior month may be factored in subsequent months Reconciliation Component.

Each month during the reconciliation period, the PGF for each Gas Cost Zone on consumer bills shall be increased or reduced by the product of the number of Mcf billed to the customer and the monthly Reconciliation Factor, as indicated in the section of PGF calculations. Any under or over collections remaining at the end of the gas reconciliation period will be carried forward to the next gas reconciliation period.

Recovery of Existing Purchased Gas Cost Imbalances

The Company shall determine the amount of unrecovered purchased gas costs applicable to the customers served in each incorporated city or rural area immediately prior to the effectiveness of new Gas Cost Zones. Any resulting over-recovery or under-recovery in excess of \$25,000 shall be charged or credited, as appropriate, to the customers in each such city or rural area. Any over-recovery or under-recovery of less than \$25,000 in any incorporated city of rural area shall be recovered along with any Purchase Gas Costs in the applicable Gas Cost Zone.

Revenue Related Tax Adjustment

Each monthly bill, as adjusted above shall also be adjusted by an amount equivalent to the various revenue related taxes, franchise fees, rentals, or other fees and charges imposed by regulatory or governmental authorities. This includes, but not limited to, Gross Receipts Taxes, Municipal Taxes, Fees, or any other governmental imposition, rental fee or charge levied that is based on any portion of revenues billed by Company.

Rate Case Expense Surcharge

Rate case expenses will be recovered through a surcharge designed for a sixty month recovery period. A \$0.0984 per Mcf surcharge shall be added to each monthly billing until the approved rate case expenses are recovered.

WEST TEXAS GAS, INC.
WTG Distribution Systems
RRC Tariff No: 26585

RATE SCHEDULE:	DOMESTIC GAS SERVICE – WTG RATE #904
APPLICABLE TO: Imperial & Environs of law)	WTG Rural Domestic, Lubbock Rural, City of Kermit & Environs, City of (Note, Incorporated Areas will go into effect by municipal ordinance or operation
EFFECTIVE DATE:	Bills Rendered on and after 02/09/2016

Subject to applicable rate adjustment provisions listed below, the following rates are the maximum applicable to Domestic consumers per meter billing cycle or for any part of a billing cycle for which gas service is available at the same location.

Customer Charge	\$10.00
2013 GRIP Charge	\$ 2.02
2014 GRIP Charge	\$ 0. <u>62</u>

Total Customer Charge \$12.64 per month

All Consumption @ \$3.76 per Mcf

The due date of the bill for utility service shall not be less than 15 days after issuance, or such other period of time as may be provided by order of the regulatory authority. A bill for utility service is delinquent if unpaid by the due date.

Gas Cost Adjustment

Gas Cost Adjustment is intended to allow collection of the Company's gas purchase costs in a manner that will lessen monthly fluctuations in the gas cost factor and ensure that all amounts billed to customers are fully reconciled with actual costs incurred, subject to limitations for excessive lost and unaccounted for gas. This clause shall apply to customers in the West Gas Cost Zone.

Purchased Gas Cost Component

The Purchase Gas Cost for said Gas Cost Zone shall be computed utilizing the following components for the distribution system customers.

- (i) Cost of gas purchased
- (ii) Credits, Refunds, or out of Period Adjustments
- (iii) Cost of gas withdrawn from storage
- (iv) Interest on storage gas withdrawn
- (v) Upstream gathering and Transportation Charges
- (vi) Storage Deliverability Charges
- (vii) Storage Capacity Charges
- (viii) New Taxes on the purchased gas or the purchase transaction and not reflected on elsewhere on customer bills

The Company shall keep accurate records of all storage gas purchases, including the date, quantity, cost, and associated expenses. The Company shall account for storage gas purchases and withdrawals using a weighted average cost basis.

Purchased Gas Factor Calculation (PGF)

Each customer bill shall include a Purchased Gas Factor reflecting the estimated weighted average cost of gas, plus additional elements described in this section, during the period covered by the bill for said Gas Cost Zone. The PGF shall be determined to the nearest \$0.001 per Mcf, and the following provisions shall apply:

- (i) In addition to the estimated weighted average cost of gas for the current month's billing period, the PGF may include a pro rata portion of an amount reflecting the difference between the estimated WACOG and the actual WACOG during the previous billing period for said Gas Cost Zone
- (ii) The PGF shall also include a "Reconciliation Factor", an amount reflecting the customer's share of any gas cost imbalances in the preceding reconciliation period for said Gas Cost Zone
- (iii) The PGF factor may also include an amount reflecting any new taxes or levies specifically applied to gas costs or purchases and not otherwise reflected on the customer bill for said Gas Cost Zone

The Purchased Gas Factor is expressed as a formula as follows:

(A+/-B) + C + D = E

Where

A = Estimated WACOG

B = Estimated WACOG/Act. WACOG Difference

C = Reconciliation Factor

D = New Taxes

E = Total PGF

Gas Cost Reconciliation (GCR)

The Company shall keep accurate books and records of the Reconciliation Review and monthly PGF reports to the Railroad Commission of Texas and shall account for the Reconciliation Component and the Reconciliation Factors for said Gas Cost Zone.

A Reconciliation Review and calculation shall first determine whether the lost and unaccounted for gas is more or less than 5% of that metered into the system. The sales volumes shall be converted to the same pressure base as the purchase volumes. Calculations of the sales volumes furnished to its gas sales customers (from meters not corrected for pressure and/or temperature) shall be calculated utilizing the following service pressures (psia) for each listed municipality and associated environs:

Balmorhea 13.48, Kermit 13.68

If the Reconciliation Review indicates a gas loss or gas gain of less than 5% of that metered into the system, the following methodology shall apply:

- (i) The Company shall calculate the imbalance between its Net Jurisdictional Cost of Gas and amount collected through the PGA billed on a monthly basis for said Gas Cost Zone. The Net Jurisdictional Cost of Gas shall be calculated by multiplying the Total Jurisdictional Sales Volumes by the Actual P/S Ratio to arrive at the Calculated Purchase Volume. The Calculated Purchased Volume is then multiplied by the WACOG to arrive at the Net Jurisdictional Cost of Gas.
- (ii) Interest shall be applied to each monthly imbalance for said Gas Cost Zone and shall accrue for each month of the review period.
- (iii) The interest rate shall be the same as determined by the Public Utility Commission of Texas for refunds on customer deposits and in effect during the last month of the audit period (June).
- (iv) The sum of the monthly imbalances, plus interest for said Gas Cost Zone for the period under review shall be the Reconciliation Amount, the total amount to be refunded/surcharged in said Gas Cost Zone.

If the Reconciliation Review indicates a gas loss or gain of greater than 5% of that metered into the system, the following methodology shall apply:

- (i) The Company shall calculate the imbalance between its Purchase Gas Cost and Sales Amount on a monthly basis for said Gas Cost Zones Purchase Gas Cost amounts in excess of the 1.0526 ratio shall be disallowed by:
 - 1) Dividing total Purchase Volumes for the 12-month review period by the total Sales Volumes for the same period in said Gas Cost Zone.
 - 2) Subtracting that result from 1, which when expressed as a percentage, becomes said Gas Cost Zones Actual P/S Ratio.
 - 3) Subtracting 5.26% from said Gas Cost Zones Actual P/S Ratio, results in a Disallowance Factor for the review period.
 - 4) Multiplying the Disallowance Factor by the Purchase Volumes for each month and by the WACOG for each month, for said Gas Cost Zone will result in an amount to be disallowed each month.
 - 5) The Net Jurisdictional Cost of Gas shall be calculated by multiplying the Total Jurisdictional Sales Volume by the Actual P/S Ratio to arrive at the Calculated Purchased Volume. The Calculated Purchased Volume is then multiplied by the WACOG to arrive at the Jurisdictional Cost of Gas. The Net Jurisdictional Cost of Gas is calculated by subtracting the Disallowed Amount calculated above.
- (ii) Interest shall be applied to each monthly imbalance for said Gas Cost Zone and shall accrue for each month of the review period.
- (iii) The interest rate shall be the rate in effect during the last month of the audit period (June).
- (iv) The sum of the monthly imbalances, plus interest for the period under review shall be the Reconciliation Amount for said Gas Cost Zone or the total amount to be refunded or surcharged.

Reconciliation Factor Calculation (RFC)

The Reconciliation Amount for said Gas Cost Zone shall be divided by 12, resulting in the Reconciliation Component.

The Reconciliation Component shall be reflected in a refund or surcharge on each customer bill, according to Gas Cost Zone, over a twelve-month period beginning with the first billing cycle in September following the period covered by the review.

The Reconciliation Component for each month of the reconciliation period shall be calculated by dividing the Reconciliation Amount by the estimated Sales Volumes for the applicable billing period. The result will be a monthly Reconciliation Factor, expressed in Mcf for each Gas Cost Zone. Any under or over collection from the prior month may be factored in subsequent months Reconciliation Component.

Each month during the reconciliation period, the PGF for each Gas Cost Zone on consumer bills shall be increased or reduced by the product of the number of Mcf billed to the customer and the monthly Reconciliation Factor, as indicated in the section of PGF calculations. Any under or over collections remaining at the end of the gas reconciliation period will be carried forward to the next gas reconciliation period.

Recovery of Existing Purchased Gas Cost Imbalances

The Company shall determine the amount of unrecovered purchased gas costs applicable to the customers served in each incorporated city or rural area immediately prior to the effectiveness of new Gas Cost Zones. Any resulting over-recovery or under-recovery in excess of \$25,000 shall be charged or credited, as appropriate, to the customers in each such city or rural area. Any over-recovery or under-recovery of less than \$25,000 in any incorporated city of rural area shall be recovered along with any Purchase Gas Costs in the applicable Gas Cost Zone.

Revenue Related Tax Adjustment

Each monthly bill, as adjusted above shall also be adjusted by an amount equivalent to the various revenue related taxes, franchise fees, rentals, or other fees and charges imposed by regulatory or governmental authorities. This includes, but not limited to, Gross Receipts Taxes, Municipal Taxes, Fees, or any other governmental imposition, rental fee or charge levied that is based on any portion of revenues billed by Company.

Rate Case Expense Surcharge

Rate case expenses will be recovered through a surcharge designed for a sixty month recovery period. A \$0.0984 per Mcf surcharge shall be added to each monthly billing until the approved rate case expenses are recovered.

WEST TEXAS GAS, INC.
WTG Distribution Systems
RRC Tariff No: 26586

RATE SCHEDULE:	NON-DOMESTIC GAS SERVICE – WTG RATE #905
APPLICABLE TO: Imperial & Environs of law)	WTG Rural Domestic, Lubbock Rural, City of Kermit & Environs, City of (Note, Incorporated Areas will go into effect by municipal ordinance or operation
EFFECTIVE DATE:	Bills Rendered on and after 02/09/2016

Subject to applicable rate adjustment provisions listed below, the following rates are the maximum applicable to Non-Domestic consumers per meter billing cycle or for any part of a billing cycle for which gas service is available at the same location.

Customer Charge	\$13.70
2013 GRIP Charge	\$ 5.33
2014 GRIP Charge	<u>\$ 1.69</u>
Total Customar Charge	¢20.72

Total Customer Charge \$20.72 per month

All Consumption @ \$2.59 per Mcf

The due date of the bill for utility service shall not be less than 15 days after issuance, or such other period of time as may be provided by order of the regulatory authority. A bill for utility service is delinquent if unpaid by the due date.

Gas Cost Adjustment

Gas Cost Adjustment is intended to allow collection of the Company's gas purchase costs in a manner that will lessen monthly fluctuations in the gas cost factor and ensure that all amounts billed to customers are fully reconciled with actual costs incurred, subject to limitations for excessive lost and unaccounted for gas. This clause shall apply to customers in the West Gas Cost Zone.

Purchased Gas Cost Component

The Purchase Gas Cost for said Gas Cost Zone shall be computed utilizing the following components for the distribution system customers.

- (i) Cost of gas purchased
- (ii) Credits, Refunds, or out of Period Adjustments
- (iii) Cost of gas withdrawn from storage
- (iv) Interest on storage gas withdrawn
- (v) Upstream gathering and Transportation Charges
- (vi) Storage Deliverability Charges
- (vii) Storage Capacity Charges
- (viii) New Taxes on the purchased gas or the purchase transaction and not reflected on elsewhere on customer bills

The Company shall keep accurate records of all storage gas purchases, including the date, quantity, cost, and associated expenses. The Company shall account for storage gas purchases and withdrawals using a weighted average cost basis.

Purchased Gas Factor Calculation (PGF)

Each customer bill shall include a Purchased Gas Factor reflecting the estimated weighted average cost of gas, plus additional elements described in this section, during the period covered by the bill for said Gas Cost Zone. The PGF shall be determined to the nearest \$0.001 per Mcf, and the following provisions shall apply:

- (i) In addition to the estimated weighted average cost of gas for the current month's billing period, the PGF may include a pro rata portion of an amount reflecting the difference between the estimated WACOG and the actual WACOG during the previous billing period for said Gas Cost Zone
- (ii) The PGF shall also include a "Reconciliation Factor", an amount reflecting the customer's share of any gas cost imbalances in the preceding reconciliation period for said Gas Cost
- (iii) The PGF factor may also include an amount reflecting any new taxes or levies specifically applied to gas costs or purchases and not otherwise reflected on the customer bill for said Gas Cost Zone

The Purchased Gas Factor is expressed as a formula as follows:

(A+/-B) + C + D = E

Where

A = Estimated WACOG

B = Estimated WACOG/Act. WACOG Difference

C = Reconciliation Factor

D = New Taxes

E = Total PGF

Gas Cost Reconciliation (GCR)

The Company shall keep accurate books and records of the Reconciliation Review and monthly PGF reports to the Railroad Commission of Texas and shall account for the Reconciliation Component and the Reconciliation Factors for said Gas Cost Zone.

A Reconciliation Review and calculation shall first determine whether the lost and unaccounted for gas is more or less than 5% of that metered into the system. The sales volumes shall be converted to the same pressure base as the purchase volumes. Calculations of the sales volumes furnished to its gas sales customers (from meters not corrected for pressure and/or temperature) shall be calculated utilizing the following service pressures (psia) for each listed municipality and associated environs:

Balmorhea 13.48, Kermit 13.68

If the Reconciliation Review indicates a gas loss or gas gain of less than 5% of that metered into the system, the following methodology shall apply:

- (i) The Company shall calculate the imbalance between its Net Jurisdictional Cost of Gas and amount collected through the PGA billed on a monthly basis for said Gas Cost Zone. The Net Jurisdictional Cost of Gas shall be calculated by multiplying the Total Jurisdictional Sales Volumes by the Actual P/S Ratio to arrive at the Calculated Purchase Volume. The Calculated Purchased Volume is then multiplied by the WACOG to arrive at the Net Jurisdictional Cost of Gas.
- (ii) Interest shall be applied to each monthly imbalance for said Gas Cost Zone and shall accrue for each month of the review period.
- (iii) The interest rate shall be the same as determined by the Public Utility Commission of Texas for refunds on customer deposits and in effect during the last month of the audit period (June).
- (iv) The sum of the monthly imbalances, plus interest for said Gas Cost Zone for the period under review shall be the Reconciliation Amount, the total amount to be refunded/surcharged in said Gas Cost Zone.

If the Reconciliation Review indicates a gas loss or gain of greater than 5% of that metered into the system, the following methodology shall apply:

- (i) The Company shall calculate the imbalance between its Purchase Gas Cost and Sales Amount on a monthly basis for said Gas Cost Zones Purchase Gas Cost amounts in excess of the 1.0526 ratio shall be disallowed by:
 - 1) Dividing total Purchase Volumes for the 12-month review period by the total Sales Volumes for the same period in said Gas Cost Zone.
 - 2) Subtracting that result from 1, which when expressed as a percentage, becomes said Gas Cost Zones Actual P/S Ratio.
 - 3) Subtracting 5.26% from said Gas Cost Zones Actual P/S Ratio, results in a Disallowance Factor for the review period.
 - 4) Multiplying the Disallowance Factor by the Purchase Volumes for each month and by the WACOG for each month, for said Gas Cost Zone will result in an amount to be disallowed each month.
 - 5) The Net Jurisdictional Cost of Gas shall be calculated by multiplying the Total Jurisdictional Sales Volume by the Actual P/S Ratio to arrive at the Calculated Purchased Volume. The Calculated Purchased Volume is then multiplied by the WACOG to arrive at the Jurisdictional Cost of Gas. The Net Jurisdictional Cost of Gas is calculated by subtracting the Disallowed Amount calculated above.
- (ii) Interest shall be applied to each monthly imbalance for said Gas Cost Zone and shall accrue for each month of the review period.
- (iii) The interest rate shall be the rate in effect during the last month of the audit period (June).
- (iv) The sum of the monthly imbalances, plus interest for the period under review shall be the Reconciliation Amount for said Gas Cost Zone or the total amount to be refunded or surcharged.

Reconciliation Factor Calculation (RFC)

The Reconciliation Amount for said Gas Cost Zone shall be divided by 12, resulting in the Reconciliation Component.

The Reconciliation Component shall be reflected in a refund or surcharge on each customer bill, according to Gas Cost Zone, over a twelve-month period beginning with the first billing cycle in September following the period covered by the review.

The Reconciliation Component for each month of the reconciliation period shall be calculated by dividing the Reconciliation Amount by the estimated Sales Volumes for the applicable billing period. The result will be a monthly Reconciliation Factor, expressed in Mcf for each Gas Cost Zone. Any under or over collection from the prior month may be factored in subsequent months Reconciliation Component.

Each month during the reconciliation period, the PGF for each Gas Cost Zone on consumer bills shall be increased or reduced by the product of the number of Mcf billed to the customer and the monthly Reconciliation Factor, as indicated in the section of PGF calculations. Any under or over collections remaining at the end of the gas reconciliation period will be carried forward to the next gas reconciliation period.

Recovery of Existing Purchased Gas Cost Imbalances

The Company shall determine the amount of unrecovered purchased gas costs applicable to the customers served in each incorporated city or rural area immediately prior to the effectiveness of new Gas Cost Zones. Any resulting over-recovery or under-recovery in excess of \$25,000 shall be charged or credited, as appropriate, to the customers in each such city or rural area. Any over-recovery or under-recovery of less than \$25,000 in any incorporated city of rural area shall be recovered along with any Purchase Gas Costs in the applicable Gas Cost Zone.

Revenue Related Tax Adjustment

Each monthly bill, as adjusted above shall also be adjusted by an amount equivalent to the various revenue related taxes, franchise fees, rentals, or other fees and charges imposed by regulatory or governmental authorities. This includes, but not limited to, Gross Receipts Taxes, Municipal Taxes, Fees, or any other governmental imposition, rental fee or charge levied that is based on any portion of revenues billed by Company.

Rate Case Expense Surcharge

Rate case expenses will be recovered through a surcharge designed for a sixty month recovery period. A \$0.0984 per Mcf surcharge shall be added to each monthly billing until the approved rate case expenses are recovered.

WEST TEXAS GAS, INC.
WTG Distribution Systems
RRC Tariff No: 26587

RATE SCHEDULE: DOMESTIC GAS SERVICE – WTG RATE #906

APPLICABLE TO: City of Sonora & Environs, Tom Green County Environs, Miles Environs, City of LaVernia, City of LaVernia Environs, TGU System General Service, City of LaPryor, City of Paint Rock Environs, City of Eden, WTG Rural Domestic, Brady Environs, City of Eden Environs (Note, Incorporated

Areas will go into effect by municipal ordinance or operation of law.)

EFFECTIVE DATE: Bills Rendered on and after 02/09/2016

Subject to applicable rate adjustment provisions listed below, the following rates are the maximum applicable to Domestic consumers per meter billing cycle or for any part of a billing cycle for which gas service is available at the same location.

 Customer Charge
 \$10.00

 2013 GRIP Charge
 \$ 2.02

 2014 GRIP Charge
 \$ 0.62

Total Customer Charge \$12.64 per month

All Consumption @ \$3.76 per Mcf

The due date of the bill for utility service shall not be less than 15 days after issuance, or such other period of time as may be provided by order of the regulatory authority. A bill for utility service is delinquent if unpaid by the due date.

Gas Cost Adjustment

Gas Cost Adjustment is intended to allow collection of the Company's gas purchase costs in a manner that will lessen monthly fluctuations in the gas cost factor and ensure that all amounts billed to customers are fully reconciled with actual costs incurred, subject to limitations for excessive lost and unaccounted for gas. This clause shall apply to customers in the South Gas Cost Zone.

Purchased Gas Cost Component

The Purchase Gas Cost for said Gas Cost Zone shall be computed utilizing the following components for the distribution system customers.

- (i) Cost of gas purchased
- (ii) Credits, Refunds, or out of Period Adjustments
- (iii) Cost of gas withdrawn from storage
- (iv) Interest on storage gas withdrawn
- (v) Upstream gathering and Transportation Charges
- (vi) Storage Deliverability Charges
- (vii) Storage Capacity Charges
- (viii) New Taxes on the purchased gas or the purchase transaction and not reflected on elsewhere on customer bills

The Company shall keep accurate records of all storage gas purchases, including the date, quantity, cost, and associated expenses. The Company shall account for storage gas purchases and withdrawals using a weighted average cost basis.

Purchased Gas Factor Calculation (PGF)

Each customer bill shall include a Purchased Gas Factor reflecting the estimated weighted average cost of gas, plus additional elements described in this section, during the period covered by the bill for said Gas Cost Zone. The PGF shall be determined to the nearest \$0.001 per Mcf, and the following provisions shall apply:

- (i) In addition to the estimated weighted average cost of gas for the current month's billing period, the PGF may include a pro rata portion of an amount reflecting the difference between the estimated WACOG and the actual WACOG during the previous billing period for said Gas Cost Zone
- (ii) The PGF shall also include a "Reconciliation Factor", an amount reflecting the customer's share of any gas cost imbalances in the preceding reconciliation period for said Gas Cost Zone
- (iii) The PGF factor may also include an amount reflecting any new taxes or levies specifically applied to gas costs or purchases and not otherwise reflected on the customer bill for said Gas Cost Zone

The Purchased Gas Factor is expressed as a formula as follows:

(A+/-B) + C + D = E

Where

A = Estimated WACOG

B = Estimated WACOG/Act. WACOG Difference

C = Reconciliation Factor

D = New Taxes

E = Total PGF

Gas Cost Reconciliation (GCR)

The Company shall keep accurate books and records of the Reconciliation Review and monthly PGF reports to the Railroad Commission of Texas and shall account for the Reconciliation Component and the Reconciliation Factors for said Gas Cost Zone.

A Reconciliation Review and calculation shall first determine whether the lost and unaccounted for gas is more or less than 5% of that metered into the system. The sales volumes shall be converted to the same pressure base as the purchase volumes. Calculations of the sales volumes furnished to its gas sales customers (from meters not corrected for pressure and/or temperature) shall be calculated utilizing the following service pressures (psia) for each listed municipality and associated environs:

Devine 14.68, Eden 14.08, Junction 14.18, LaVernia 14.68, Menard 14.08, Natalia 14.68, Paint Rock 14.28, Somerset 14.68, Sonora 13.98

If the Reconciliation Review indicates a gas loss or gas gain of less than 5% of that metered into the system, the following methodology shall apply:

- (i) The Company shall calculate the imbalance between its Net Jurisdictional Cost of Gas and amount collected through the PGA billed on a monthly basis for said Gas Cost Zone. The Net Jurisdictional Cost of Gas shall be calculated by multiplying the Total Jurisdictional Sales Volumes by the Actual P/S Ratio to arrive at the Calculated Purchase Volume. The Calculated Purchased Volume is then multiplied by the WACOG to arrive at the Net Jurisdictional Cost of Gas.
- (ii) Interest shall be applied to each monthly imbalance for said Gas Cost Zone and shall accrue for each month of the review period.
- (iii) The interest rate shall be the same as determined by the Public Utility Commission of Texas for refunds on customer deposits and in effect during the last month of the audit period (June).
- (iv) The sum of the monthly imbalances, plus interest for said Gas Cost Zone for the period under review shall be the Reconciliation Amount, the total amount to be refunded/surcharged in said Gas Cost Zone.

If the Reconciliation Review indicates a gas loss or gain of greater than 5% of that metered into the system, the following methodology shall apply:

- (i) The Company shall calculate the imbalance between its Purchase Gas Cost and Sales Amount on a monthly basis for said Gas Cost Zones Purchase Gas Cost amounts in excess of the 1.0526 ratio shall be disallowed by:
 - 1) Dividing total Purchase Volumes for the 12-month review period by the total Sales Volumes for the same period in said Gas Cost Zone.
 - 2) Subtracting that result from 1, which when expressed as a percentage, becomes said Gas Cost Zones Actual P/S Ratio.
 - 3) Subtracting 5.26% from said Gas Cost Zones Actual P/S Ratio, results in a Disallowance Factor for the review period.
 - 4) Multiplying the Disallowance Factor by the Purchase Volumes for each month and by the WACOG for each month, for said Gas Cost Zone will result in an amount to be disallowed each month.
 - 5) The Net Jurisdictional Cost of Gas shall be calculated by multiplying the Total Jurisdictional Sales Volume by the Actual P/S Ratio to arrive at the Calculated Purchased Volume. The Calculated Purchased Volume is then multiplied by the WACOG to arrive at the Jurisdictional Cost of Gas. The Net Jurisdictional Cost of Gas is calculated by subtracting the Disallowed Amount calculated above.
- (ii) Interest shall be applied to each monthly imbalance for said Gas Cost Zone and shall accrue for each month of the review period.
- (iii) The interest rate shall be the rate in effect during the last month of the audit period (June).
- (iv) The sum of the monthly imbalances, plus interest for the period under review shall be the Reconciliation Amount for said Gas Cost Zone or the total amount to be refunded or surcharged.

Reconciliation Factor Calculation (RFC)

The Reconciliation Amount for said Gas Cost Zone shall be divided by 12, resulting in the Reconciliation Component.

The Reconciliation Component shall be reflected in a refund or surcharge on each customer bill, according to Gas Cost Zone, over a twelve-month period beginning with the first billing cycle in September following the period covered by the review.

The Reconciliation Component for each month of the reconciliation period shall be calculated by dividing the Reconciliation Amount by the estimated Sales Volumes for the applicable billing period. The result will be a monthly Reconciliation Factor, expressed in Mcf for each Gas Cost Zone. Any under or over collection from the prior month may be factored in subsequent months Reconciliation Component.

Each month during the reconciliation period, the PGF for each Gas Cost Zone on consumer bills shall be increased or reduced by the product of the number of Mcf billed to the customer and the monthly Reconciliation Factor, as indicated in the section of PGF calculations. Any under or over collections remaining at the end of the gas reconciliation period will be carried forward to the next gas reconciliation period.

Recovery of Existing Purchased Gas Cost Imbalances

The Company shall determine the amount of unrecovered purchased gas costs applicable to the customers served in each incorporated city or rural area immediately prior to the effectiveness of new Gas Cost Zones. Any resulting over-recovery or under-recovery in excess of \$25,000 shall be charged or credited, as appropriate, to the customers in each such city or rural area. Any over-recovery or under-recovery of less than \$25,000 in any incorporated city of rural area shall be recovered along with any Purchase Gas Costs in the applicable Gas Cost Zone.

Revenue Related Tax Adjustment

Each monthly bill, as adjusted above shall also be adjusted by an amount equivalent to the various revenue related taxes, franchise fees, rentals, or other fees and charges imposed by regulatory or governmental authorities. This includes, but not limited to, Gross Receipts Taxes, Municipal Taxes, Fees, or any other governmental imposition, rental fee or charge levied that is based on any portion of revenues billed by Company.

Rate Case Expense Surcharge

Rate case expenses will be recovered through a surcharge designed for a sixty month recovery period. A \$0.0984 per Mcf surcharge shall be added to each monthly billing until the approved rate case expenses are recovered.

WEST TEXAS GAS, INC. WTG Distribution Systems RRC Tariff No: 26588

RATE SCHEDULE: NON-DOMESTIC GAS SERVICE – WTG RATE #907

APPLICABLE TO: City of Sonora & Environs, Tom Green County Environs, Miles Environs, City of LaVernia, City of LaVernia Environs, TGU System General Service, City of LaPryor, City of Paint Rock Environs, City of Eden, WTG Rural Non-Domestic, Brady Environs, City of Eden Environs (Note,

Incorporated Areas will go into effect by municipal ordinance or operation of law.)

EFFECTIVE DATE: Bills Rendered on and after 02/09/2016

Subject to applicable rate adjustment provisions listed below, the following rates are the maximum applicable to Non-Domestic consumers per meter billing cycle or for any part of a billing cycle for which gas service is available at the same location.

Customer Charge \$13.70 2013 GRIP Charge \$5.33 2014 GRIP Charge \$1.69

Total Customer Charge \$20.72 per month

All Consumption @ \$2.59 per Mcf

The due date of the bill for utility service shall not be less than 15 days after issuance, or such other period of time as may be provided by order of the regulatory authority. A bill for utility service is delinquent if unpaid by the due date.

Gas Cost Adjustment

Gas Cost Adjustment is intended to allow collection of the Company's gas purchase costs in a manner that will lessen monthly fluctuations in the gas cost factor and ensure that all amounts billed to customers are fully reconciled with actual costs incurred, subject to limitations for excessive lost and unaccounted for gas. This clause shall apply to customers in the South Gas Cost Zone.

Purchased Gas Cost Component

The Purchase Gas Cost for said Gas Cost Zone shall be computed utilizing the following components for the distribution system customers.

- (i) Cost of gas purchased
- (ii) Credits, Refunds, or out of Period Adjustments
- (iii) Cost of gas withdrawn from storage
- (iv) Interest on storage gas withdrawn
- (v) Upstream gathering and Transportation Charges
- (vi) Storage Deliverability Charges
- (vii) Storage Capacity Charges

(viii) New Taxes on the purchased gas or the purchase transaction and not reflected on elsewhere on customer bills

The Company shall keep accurate records of all storage gas purchases, including the date, quantity, cost, and associated expenses. The Company shall account for storage gas purchases and withdrawals using a weighted average cost basis.

Purchased Gas Factor Calculation (PGF)

Each customer bill shall include a Purchased Gas Factor reflecting the estimated weighted average cost of gas, plus additional elements described in this section, during the period covered by the bill for said Gas Cost Zone. The PGF shall be determined to the nearest \$0.001 per Mcf, and the following provisions shall apply:

- (i) In addition to the estimated weighted average cost of gas for the current month's billing period, the PGF may include a pro rata portion of an amount reflecting the difference between the estimated WACOG and the actual WACOG during the previous billing period for said Gas Cost Zone
- (ii) The PGF shall also include a "Reconciliation Factor", an amount reflecting the customer's share of any gas cost imbalances in the preceding reconciliation period for said Gas Cost
- (iii) The PGF factor may also include an amount reflecting any new taxes or levies specifically applied to gas costs or purchases and not otherwise reflected on the customer bill for said Gas Cost Zone

The Purchased Gas Factor is expressed as a formula as follows:

(A+/-B) + C + D = E

Where

A = Estimated WACOG

B = Estimated WACOG/Act. WACOG Difference

C = Reconciliation Factor

D = New Taxes

E = Total PGF

Gas Cost Reconciliation (GCR)

The Company shall keep accurate books and records of the Reconciliation Review and monthly PGF reports to the Railroad Commission of Texas and shall account for the Reconciliation Component and the Reconciliation Factors for said Gas Cost Zone.

A Reconciliation Review and calculation shall first determine whether the lost and unaccounted for gas is more or less than 5% of that metered into the system. The sales volumes shall be converted to the same pressure base as the purchase volumes. Calculations of the sales volumes furnished to its gas sales customers (from meters not corrected for pressure and/or temperature) shall be calculated utilizing the following service pressures (psia) for each listed municipality and associated environs:

Devine 14.68, Eden 14.08, Junction 14.18, LaVernia 14.68, Menard 14.08, Natalia 14.68, Paint Rock 14.28, Somerset 14.68, Sonora 13.98

If the Reconciliation Review indicates a gas loss or gas gain of less than 5% of that metered into the system, the following methodology shall apply:

- (i) The Company shall calculate the imbalance between its Net Jurisdictional Cost of Gas and amount collected through the PGA billed on a monthly basis for said Gas Cost Zone. The Net Jurisdictional Cost of Gas shall be calculated by multiplying the Total Jurisdictional Sales Volumes by the Actual P/S Ratio to arrive at the Calculated Purchase Volume. The Calculated Purchased Volume is then multiplied by the WACOG to arrive at the Net Jurisdictional Cost of Gas.
- (ii) Interest shall be applied to each monthly imbalance for said Gas Cost Zone and shall accrue for each month of the review period.
- (iii) The interest rate shall be the same as determined by the Public Utility Commission of Texas for refunds on customer deposits and in effect during the last month of the audit period (June).
- (iv) The sum of the monthly imbalances, plus interest for said Gas Cost Zone for the period under review shall be the Reconciliation Amount, the total amount to be refunded/surcharged in said Gas Cost Zone.

If the Reconciliation Review indicates a gas loss or gain of greater than 5% of that metered into the system, the following methodology shall apply:

- (i) The Company shall calculate the imbalance between its Purchase Gas Cost and Sales Amount on a monthly basis for said Gas Cost Zones Purchase Gas Cost amounts in excess of the 1.0526 ratio shall be disallowed by:
 - 1) Dividing total Purchase Volumes for the 12-month review period by the total Sales Volumes for the same period in said Gas Cost Zone.
 - 2) Subtracting that result from 1, which when expressed as a percentage, becomes said Gas Cost Zones Actual P/S Ratio.
 - 3) Subtracting 5.26% from said Gas Cost Zones Actual P/S Ratio, results in a Disallowance Factor for the review period.
 - 4) Multiplying the Disallowance Factor by the Purchase Volumes for each month and by the WACOG for each month, for said Gas Cost Zone will result in an amount to be disallowed each month.
 - 5) The Net Jurisdictional Cost of Gas shall be calculated by multiplying the Total Jurisdictional Sales Volume by the Actual P/S Ratio to arrive at the Calculated Purchased Volume. The Calculated Purchased Volume is then multiplied by the WACOG to arrive at the Jurisdictional Cost of Gas. The Net Jurisdictional Cost of Gas is calculated by subtracting the Disallowed Amount calculated above.
- (ii) Interest shall be applied to each monthly imbalance for said Gas Cost Zone and shall accrue for each month of the review period.
- (iii) The interest rate shall be the rate in effect during the last month of the audit period (June).

(iv) The sum of the monthly imbalances, plus interest for the period under review shall be the Reconciliation Amount for said Gas Cost Zone or the total amount to be refunded or surcharged.

Reconciliation Factor Calculation (RFC)

The Reconciliation Amount for said Gas Cost Zone shall be divided by 12, resulting in the Reconciliation Component.

The Reconciliation Component shall be reflected in a refund or surcharge on each customer bill, according to Gas Cost Zone, over a twelve-month period beginning with the first billing cycle in September following the period covered by the review.

The Reconciliation Component for each month of the reconciliation period shall be calculated by dividing the Reconciliation Amount by the estimated Sales Volumes for the applicable billing period. The result will be a monthly Reconciliation Factor, expressed in Mcf for each Gas Cost Zone. Any under or over collection from the prior month may be factored in subsequent months Reconciliation Component.

Each month during the reconciliation period, the PGF for each Gas Cost Zone on consumer bills shall be increased or reduced by the product of the number of Mcf billed to the customer and the monthly Reconciliation Factor, as indicated in the section of PGF calculations. Any under or over collections remaining at the end of the gas reconciliation period will be carried forward to the next gas reconciliation period.

Recovery of Existing Purchased Gas Cost Imbalances

The Company shall determine the amount of unrecovered purchased gas costs applicable to the customers served in each incorporated city or rural area immediately prior to the effectiveness of new Gas Cost Zones. Any resulting over-recovery or under-recovery in excess of \$25,000 shall be charged or credited, as appropriate, to the customers in each such city or rural area. Any over-recovery or under-recovery of less than \$25,000 in any incorporated city of rural area shall be recovered along with any Purchase Gas Costs in the applicable Gas Cost Zone.

Revenue Related Tax Adjustment

Each monthly bill, as adjusted above shall also be adjusted by an amount equivalent to the various revenue related taxes, franchise fees, rentals, or other fees and charges imposed by regulatory or governmental authorities. This includes, but not limited to, Gross Receipts Taxes, Municipal Taxes, Fees, or any other governmental imposition, rental fee or charge levied that is based on any portion of revenues billed by Company.

Rate Case Expense Surcharge

Rate case expenses will be recovered through a surcharge designed for a sixty month recovery period. A \$0.0984 per Mcf surcharge shall be added to each monthly billing until the approved rate case expenses are recovered.

WEST TEXAS GAS, INC.
WTG Distribution Systems
RRC Tariff No: 26589

RATE SCHEDULE:	DOMESTIC GAS SERVICE – WTG RATE #910
APPLICABLE TO: Incorporated areas	Incorporated Area of Cactus, Unincorporated Area of Cactus (Note, will go into effect by municipal ordinance or operation of law.)
EFFECTIVE DATE:	Bills Rendered on and after 02/09/2016

Subject to applicable rate adjustment provisions listed below, the following rates are the maximum applicable to Domestic consumers per meter billing cycle or for any part of a billing cycle for which gas service is available at the same location.

Customer Charge	\$10.00
2013 GRIP Charge	\$ 2.02
2014 GRIP Charge	<u>\$ 0.62</u>
Total Customer Charge	\$12.64 per month

delinquent if unpaid by the due date.

All Consumption @ \$3.76 per Mcf

The due date of the bill for utility service shall not be less than 15 days after issuance, or such other period of time as may be provided by order of the regulatory authority. A bill for utility service is

Gas Cost Adjustment

Gas Cost Adjustment is intended to allow collection of the Company's gas purchase costs in a manner that will lessen monthly fluctuations in the gas cost factor and ensure that all amounts billed to customers are fully reconciled with actual costs incurred, subject to limitations for excessive lost and unaccounted for gas. This clause shall apply to customers in the North Gas Cost Zone.

Purchased Gas Cost Component

The Purchase Gas Cost for said Gas Cost Zone shall be computed utilizing the following components for the distribution system customers.

- (i) Cost of gas purchased
- (ii) Credits, Refunds, or out of Period Adjustments
- (iii) Cost of gas withdrawn from storage
- (iv) Interest on storage gas withdrawn
- (v) Upstream gathering and Transportation Charges
- (vi) Storage Deliverability Charges
- (vii) Storage Capacity Charges
- (viii) New Taxes on the purchased gas or the purchase transaction and not reflected on elsewhere on customer bills

The Company shall keep accurate records of all storage gas purchases, including the date, quantity, cost, and associated expenses. The Company shall account for storage gas purchases and withdrawals using a weighted average cost basis.

Purchased Gas Factor Calculation (PGF)

Each customer bill shall include a Purchased Gas Factor reflecting the estimated weighted average cost of gas, plus additional elements described in this section, during the period covered by the bill for said Gas Cost Zone. The PGF shall be determined to the nearest \$0.001 per Mcf, and the following provisions shall apply:

- (i) In addition to the estimated weighted average cost of gas for the current month's billing period, the PGF may include a pro rata portion of an amount reflecting the difference between the estimated WACOG and the actual WACOG during the previous billing period for said Gas Cost Zone
- (ii) The PGF shall also include a "Reconciliation Factor", an amount reflecting the customer's share of any gas cost imbalances in the preceding reconciliation period for said Gas Cost Zone
- (iii) The PGF factor may also include an amount reflecting any new taxes or levies specifically applied to gas costs or purchases and not otherwise reflected on the customer bill for said Gas Cost Zone

The Purchased Gas Factor is expressed as a formula as follows:

(A+/-B) + C + D = E

Where

A = Estimated WACOG

B = Estimated WACOG/Act. WACOG Difference

C = Reconciliation Factor

D = New Taxes

E = Total PGF

Gas Cost Reconciliation (GCR)

The Company shall keep accurate books and records of the Reconciliation Review and monthly PGF reports to the Railroad Commission of Texas and shall account for the Reconciliation Component and the Reconciliation Factors for said Gas Cost Zone.

A Reconciliation Review and calculation shall first determine whether the lost and unaccounted for gas is more or less than 5% of that metered into the system. The sales volumes shall be converted to the same pressure base as the purchase volumes. Calculations of the sales volumes furnished to its gas sales customers (from meters not corrected for pressure and/or temperature) shall be calculated utilizing the following service pressures (psia) for each listed municipality and associated environs:

Cactus 13.28, Canadian, 13.88, Canyon 13.45, Claude 13.38, Dalhart 13.07, Darrouzett 13.78, Farwell 13.18, Follett 13.68, Groom 13.38, Higgins 13.78, Miami 13.68, Mobeetie 13.78, Shamrock 13.88, Stratford 13.18, Texhoma 13.38, Texline 12.98, Wheeler 13.78

If the Reconciliation Review indicates a gas loss or gas gain of less than 5% of that metered into the system, the following methodology shall apply:

- (i) The Company shall calculate the imbalance between its Net Jurisdictional Cost of Gas and amount collected through the PGA billed on a monthly basis for said Gas Cost Zone. The Net Jurisdictional Cost of Gas shall be calculated by multiplying the Total Jurisdictional Sales Volumes by the Actual P/S Ratio to arrive at the Calculated Purchase Volume. The Calculated Purchased Volume is then multiplied by the WACOG to arrive at the Net Jurisdictional Cost of Gas.
- (ii) Interest shall be applied to each monthly imbalance for said Gas Cost Zone and shall accrue for each month of the review period.
- (iii) The interest rate shall be the same as determined by the Public Utility Commission of Texas for refunds on customer deposits and in effect during the last month of the audit period (June).
- (iv) The sum of the monthly imbalances, plus interest for said Gas Cost Zone for the period under review shall be the Reconciliation Amount, the total amount to be refunded/surcharged in said Gas Cost Zone.

If the Reconciliation Review indicates a gas loss or gain of greater than 5% of that metered into the system, the following methodology shall apply:

- (i) The Company shall calculate the imbalance between its Purchase Gas Cost and Sales Amount on a monthly basis for said Gas Cost Zones Purchase Gas Cost amounts in excess of the 1.0526 ratio shall be disallowed by:
 - 1) Dividing total Purchase Volumes for the 12-month review period by the total Sales Volumes for the same period in said Gas Cost Zone.
 - 2) Subtracting that result from 1, which when expressed as a percentage, becomes said Gas Cost Zones Actual P/S Ratio.
 - 3) Subtracting 5.26% from said Gas Cost Zones Actual P/S Ratio, results in a Disallowance Factor for the review period.
 - 4) Multiplying the Disallowance Factor by the Purchase Volumes for each month and by the WACOG for each month, for said Gas Cost Zone will result in an amount to be disallowed each month.
 - 5) The Net Jurisdictional Cost of Gas shall be calculated by multiplying the Total Jurisdictional Sales Volume by the Actual P/S Ratio to arrive at the Calculated Purchased Volume. The Calculated Purchased Volume is then multiplied by the WACOG to arrive at the Jurisdictional Cost of Gas. The Net Jurisdictional Cost of Gas is calculated by subtracting the Disallowed Amount calculated above.
- (ii) Interest shall be applied to each monthly imbalance for said Gas Cost Zone and shall accrue for each month of the review period.
- (iii) The interest rate shall be the rate in effect during the last month of the audit period (June).
- (iv) The sum of the monthly imbalances, plus interest for the period under review shall be the Reconciliation Amount for said Gas Cost Zone or the total amount to be refunded or surcharged.

Reconciliation Factor Calculation (RFC)

The Reconciliation Amount for said Gas Cost Zone shall be divided by 12, resulting in the Reconciliation Component.

The Reconciliation Component shall be reflected in a refund or surcharge on each customer bill, according to Gas Cost Zone, over a twelve-month period beginning with the first billing cycle in September following the period covered by the review.

The Reconciliation Component for each month of the reconciliation period shall be calculated by dividing the Reconciliation Amount by the estimated Sales Volumes for the applicable billing period. The result will be a monthly Reconciliation Factor, expressed in Mcf for each Gas Cost Zone. Any under or over collection from the prior month may be factored in subsequent months Reconciliation Component.

Each month during the reconciliation period, the PGF for each Gas Cost Zone on consumer bills shall be increased or reduced by the product of the number of Mcf billed to the customer and the monthly Reconciliation Factor, as indicated in the section of PGF calculations. Any under or over collections remaining at the end of the gas reconciliation period will be carried forward to the next gas reconciliation period.

Recovery of Existing Purchased Gas Cost Imbalances

The Company shall determine the amount of unrecovered purchased gas costs applicable to the customers served in each incorporated city or rural area immediately prior to the effectiveness of new Gas Cost Zones. Any resulting over-recovery or under-recovery in excess of \$25,000 shall be charged or credited, as appropriate, to the customers in each such city or rural area. Any over-recovery or under-recovery of less than \$25,000 in any incorporated city of rural area shall be recovered along with any Purchase Gas Costs in the applicable Gas Cost Zone.

Revenue Related Tax Adjustment

Each monthly bill, as adjusted above shall also be adjusted by an amount equivalent to the various revenue related taxes, franchise fees, rentals, or other fees and charges imposed by regulatory or governmental authorities. This includes, but not limited to, Gross Receipts Taxes, Municipal Taxes, Fees, or any other governmental imposition, rental fee or charge levied that is based on any portion of revenues billed by Company.

Rate Case Expense Surcharge

Rate case expenses will be recovered through a surcharge designed for a sixty month recovery period. A \$0.0984 per Mcf surcharge shall be added to each monthly billing until the approved rate case expenses are recovered.

WEST TEXAS GAS, INC.
WTG Distribution Systems
RRC Tariff No: 26590

RATE SCHEDULE:	NON-DOMESTIC GAS SERVICE – WTG RATE #911	
APPLICABLE TO: Incorporated Areas	Incorporated Area of Cactus, Unincorporated Area of Cactus (Note, will go into effect by municipal ordinance or operation of law.)	
EFFECTIVE DATE:	Bills Rendered on and after 02/09/2016	

Subject to applicable rate adjustment provisions listed below, the following rates are the maximum applicable to Non-Domestic consumers per meter billing cycle or for any part of a billing cycle for which gas service is available at the same location.

Customer Charge	\$13.70
2013 GRIP Charge	\$ 5.33
2014 GRIP Charge	<u>\$ 1.69</u>

Total Customer Charge \$20.72 per month

All Consumption @ \$2.59 per Mcf

The due date of the bill for utility service shall not be less than 15 days after issuance, or such other period of time as may be provided by order of the regulatory authority. A bill for utility service is delinquent if unpaid by the due date.

Gas Cost Adjustment

Gas Cost Adjustment is intended to allow collection of the Company's gas purchase costs in a manner that will lessen monthly fluctuations in the gas cost factor and ensure that all amounts billed to customers are fully reconciled with actual costs incurred, subject to limitations for excessive lost and unaccounted for gas. This clause shall apply to customers in the North Gas Cost Zone.

Purchased Gas Cost Component

The Purchase Gas Cost for said Gas Cost Zone shall be computed utilizing the following components for the distribution system customers.

- (i) Cost of gas purchased
- (ii) Credits, Refunds, or out of Period Adjustments
- (iii) Cost of gas withdrawn from storage
- (iv) Interest on storage gas withdrawn
- (v) Upstream gathering and Transportation Charges
- (vi) Storage Deliverability Charges
- (vii) Storage Capacity Charges
- (viii) New Taxes on the purchased gas or the purchase transaction and not reflected on elsewhere on customer bills

The Company shall keep accurate records of all storage gas purchases, including the date, quantity, cost, and associated expenses. The Company shall account for storage gas purchases and withdrawals using a weighted average cost basis.

Purchased Gas Factor Calculation (PGF)

Each customer bill shall include a Purchased Gas Factor reflecting the estimated weighted average cost of gas, plus additional elements described in this section, during the period covered by the bill for said Gas Cost Zone. The PGF shall be determined to the nearest \$0.001 per Mcf, and the following provisions shall apply:

- (i) In addition to the estimated weighted average cost of gas for the current month's billing period, the PGF may include a pro rata portion of an amount reflecting the difference between the estimated WACOG and the actual WACOG during the previous billing period for said Gas Cost Zone
- (ii) The PGF shall also include a "Reconciliation Factor", an amount reflecting the customer's share of any gas cost imbalances in the preceding reconciliation period for said Gas Cost Zone
- (iii) The PGF factor may also include an amount reflecting any new taxes or levies specifically applied to gas costs or purchases and not otherwise reflected on the customer bill for said Gas Cost Zone

The Purchased Gas Factor is expressed as a formula as follows:

(A+/-B) + C + D = E

Where

A = Estimated WACOG

B = Estimated WACOG/Act. WACOG Difference

C = Reconciliation Factor

D = New Taxes

E = Total PGF

Gas Cost Reconciliation (GCR)

The Company shall keep accurate books and records of the Reconciliation Review and monthly PGF reports to the Railroad Commission of Texas and shall account for the Reconciliation Component and the Reconciliation Factors for said Gas Cost Zone.

A Reconciliation Review and calculation shall first determine whether the lost and unaccounted for gas is more or less than 5% of that metered into the system. The sales volumes shall be converted to the same pressure base as the purchase volumes. Calculations of the sales volumes furnished to its gas sales customers (from meters not corrected for pressure and/or temperature) shall be calculated utilizing the following service pressures (psia) for each listed municipality and associated environs:

Cactus 13.28, Canadian, 13.88, Canyon 13.45, Claude 13.38, Dalhart 13.07, Darrouzett 13.78, Farwell 13.18, Follett 13.68, Groom 13.38, Higgins 13.78, Miami 13.68, Mobeetie 13.78, Shamrock 13.88, Stratford 13.18, Texhoma 13.38, Texline 12.98, Wheeler 13.78

If the Reconciliation Review indicates a gas loss or gas gain of less than 5% of that metered into the system, the following methodology shall apply:

- (i) The Company shall calculate the imbalance between its Net Jurisdictional Cost of Gas and amount collected through the PGA billed on a monthly basis for said Gas Cost Zone. The Net Jurisdictional Cost of Gas shall be calculated by multiplying the Total Jurisdictional Sales Volumes by the Actual P/S Ratio to arrive at the Calculated Purchase Volume. The Calculated Purchased Volume is then multiplied by the WACOG to arrive at the Net Jurisdictional Cost of Gas.
- (ii) Interest shall be applied to each monthly imbalance for said Gas Cost Zone and shall accrue for each month of the review period.
- (iii) The interest rate shall be the same as determined by the Public Utility Commission of Texas for refunds on customer deposits and in effect during the last month of the audit period (June).
- (iv) The sum of the monthly imbalances, plus interest for said Gas Cost Zone for the period under review shall be the Reconciliation Amount, the total amount to be refunded/surcharged in said Gas Cost Zone.

If the Reconciliation Review indicates a gas loss or gain of greater than 5% of that metered into the system, the following methodology shall apply:

- (i) The Company shall calculate the imbalance between its Purchase Gas Cost and Sales Amount on a monthly basis for said Gas Cost Zones Purchase Gas Cost amounts in excess of the 1.0526 ratio shall be disallowed by:
 - 1) Dividing total Purchase Volumes for the 12-month review period by the total Sales Volumes for the same period in said Gas Cost Zone.
 - 2) Subtracting that result from 1, which when expressed as a percentage, becomes said Gas Cost Zones Actual P/S Ratio.
 - 3) Subtracting 5.26% from said Gas Cost Zones Actual P/S Ratio, results in a Disallowance Factor for the review period.
 - 4) Multiplying the Disallowance Factor by the Purchase Volumes for each month and by the WACOG for each month, for said Gas Cost Zone will result in an amount to be disallowed each month.
 - 5) The Net Jurisdictional Cost of Gas shall be calculated by multiplying the Total Jurisdictional Sales Volume by the Actual P/S Ratio to arrive at the Calculated Purchased Volume. The Calculated Purchased Volume is then multiplied by the WACOG to arrive at the Jurisdictional Cost of Gas. The Net Jurisdictional Cost of Gas is calculated by subtracting the Disallowed Amount calculated above.
- (ii) Interest shall be applied to each monthly imbalance for said Gas Cost Zone and shall accrue for each month of the review period.
- (iii) The interest rate shall be the rate in effect during the last month of the audit period (June).
- (iv) The sum of the monthly imbalances, plus interest for the period under review shall be the Reconciliation Amount for said Gas Cost Zone or the total amount to be refunded or surcharged.

Reconciliation Factor Calculation (RFC)

The Reconciliation Amount for said Gas Cost Zone shall be divided by 12, resulting in the Reconciliation Component.

The Reconciliation Component shall be reflected in a refund or surcharge on each customer bill, according to Gas Cost Zone, over a twelve-month period beginning with the first billing cycle in September following the period covered by the review.

The Reconciliation Component for each month of the reconciliation period shall be calculated by dividing the Reconciliation Amount by the estimated Sales Volumes for the applicable billing period. The result will be a monthly Reconciliation Factor, expressed in Mcf for each Gas Cost Zone. Any under or over collection from the prior month may be factored in subsequent months Reconciliation Component.

Each month during the reconciliation period, the PGF for each Gas Cost Zone on consumer bills shall be increased or reduced by the product of the number of Mcf billed to the customer and the monthly Reconciliation Factor, as indicated in the section of PGF calculations. Any under or over collections remaining at the end of the gas reconciliation period will be carried forward to the next gas reconciliation period.

Recovery of Existing Purchased Gas Cost Imbalances

The Company shall determine the amount of unrecovered purchased gas costs applicable to the customers served in each incorporated city or rural area immediately prior to the effectiveness of new Gas Cost Zones. Any resulting over-recovery or under-recovery in excess of \$25,000 shall be charged or credited, as appropriate, to the customers in each such city or rural area. Any over-recovery or under-recovery of less than \$25,000 in any incorporated city of rural area shall be recovered along with any Purchase Gas Costs in the applicable Gas Cost Zone.

Revenue Related Tax Adjustment

Each monthly bill, as adjusted above shall also be adjusted by an amount equivalent to the various revenue related taxes, franchise fees, rentals, or other fees and charges imposed by regulatory or governmental authorities. This includes, but not limited to, Gross Receipts Taxes, Municipal Taxes, Fees, or any other governmental imposition, rental fee or charge levied that is based on any portion of revenues billed by Company.

Rate Case Expense Surcharge

Rate case expenses will be recovered through a surcharge designed for a sixty month recovery period. A \$0.0984 per Mcf surcharge shall be added to each monthly billing until the approved rate case expenses are recovered.

WEST TEXAS GAS, INC. WTG Distribution Systems RRC Tariff No: 26593

RATE SCHEDULE:	DOMESTIC GAS SERVICE – WTG RATE #916
APPLICABLE TO: Environs, City of Devor operation of law.	City of Natalia, City of Somerset, City of Somerset Environs, City of Natalia vine Environs (Note, Incorporated Areas will go into effect by municipal ordinance)
EFFECTIVE DATE:	Bills Rendered on and after 02/09/2016

Subject to applicable rate adjustment provisions listed below, the following rates are the maximum applicable to Domestic consumers per meter billing cycle or for any part of a billing cycle for which gas service is available at the same location.

Customer Charge	\$10.00
2013 GRIP Charge	\$ 2.02
2014 GRIP Charge	\$ 0.62

Total Customer Charge \$12.64 per month

All Consumption @ \$3.76 per Mcf

The due date of the bill for utility service shall not be less than 15 days after issuance, or such other period of time as may be provided by order of the regulatory authority. A bill for utility service is delinquent if unpaid by the due date.

Gas Cost Adjustment

Gas Cost Adjustment is intended to allow collection of the Company's gas purchase costs in a manner that will lessen monthly fluctuations in the gas cost factor and ensure that all amounts billed to customers are fully reconciled with actual costs incurred, subject to limitations for excessive lost and unaccounted for gas. This clause shall apply to customers in the South Gas Cost Zone.

Purchased Gas Cost Component

The Purchase Gas Cost for said Gas Cost Zone shall be computed utilizing the following components for the distribution system customers.

- (i) Cost of gas purchased
- (ii) Credits, Refunds, or out of Period Adjustments
- (iii) Cost of gas withdrawn from storage
- (iv) Interest on storage gas withdrawn
- (v) Upstream gathering and Transportation Charges
- (vi) Storage Deliverability Charges
- (vii) Storage Capacity Charges
- (viii) New Taxes on the purchased gas or the purchase transaction and not reflected on elsewhere on customer bills

The Company shall keep accurate records of all storage gas purchases, including the date, quantity, cost, and associated expenses. The Company shall account for storage gas purchases and withdrawals using a weighted average cost basis.

Purchased Gas Factor Calculation (PGF)

Each customer bill shall include a Purchased Gas Factor reflecting the estimated weighted average cost of gas, plus additional elements described in this section, during the period covered by the bill for said Gas Cost Zone. The PGF shall be determined to the nearest \$0.001 per Mcf, and the following provisions shall apply:

- (i) In addition to the estimated weighted average cost of gas for the current month's billing period, the PGF may include a pro rata portion of an amount reflecting the difference between the estimated WACOG and the actual WACOG during the previous billing period for said Gas Cost Zone
- (ii) The PGF shall also include a "Reconciliation Factor", an amount reflecting the customer's share of any gas cost imbalances in the preceding reconciliation period for said Gas Cost Zone
- (iii) The PGF factor may also include an amount reflecting any new taxes or levies specifically applied to gas costs or purchases and not otherwise reflected on the customer bill for said Gas Cost Zone

The Purchased Gas Factor is expressed as a formula as follows:

$$(A+/-B) + C + D = E$$

Where

A = Estimated WACOG

B = Estimated WACOG/Act. WACOG Difference

C = Reconciliation Factor

D = New Taxes

E = Total PGF

Gas Cost Reconciliation (GCR)

The Company shall keep accurate books and records of the Reconciliation Review and monthly PGF reports to the Railroad Commission of Texas and shall account for the Reconciliation Component and the Reconciliation Factors for said Gas Cost Zone.

A Reconciliation Review and calculation shall first determine whether the lost and unaccounted for gas is more or less than 5% of that metered into the system. The sales volumes shall be converted to the same pressure base as the purchase volumes. Calculations of the sales volumes furnished to its gas sales customers (from meters not corrected for pressure and/or temperature) shall be calculated utilizing the following service pressures (psia) for each listed municipality and associated environs:

Devine 14.68, Eden 14.08, Junction 14.18, LaVernia 14.68, Menard 14.08, Natalia 14.68, Paint Rock 14.28, Somerset 14.68, Sonora 13.98

If the Reconciliation Review indicates a gas loss or gas gain of less than 5% of that metered into the system, the following methodology shall apply:

- (i) The Company shall calculate the imbalance between its Net Jurisdictional Cost of Gas and amount collected through the PGA billed on a monthly basis for said Gas Cost Zone. The Net Jurisdictional Cost of Gas shall be calculated by multiplying the Total Jurisdictional Sales Volumes by the Actual P/S Ratio to arrive at the Calculated Purchase Volume. The Calculated Purchased Volume is then multiplied by the WACOG to arrive at the Net Jurisdictional Cost of Gas.
- (ii) Interest shall be applied to each monthly imbalance for said Gas Cost Zone and shall accrue for each month of the review period.
- (iii) The interest rate shall be the same as determined by the Public Utility Commission of Texas for refunds on customer deposits and in effect during the last month of the audit period (June).
- (iv) The sum of the monthly imbalances, plus interest for said Gas Cost Zone for the period under review shall be the Reconciliation Amount, the total amount to be refunded/surcharged in said Gas Cost Zone.

If the Reconciliation Review indicates a gas loss or gain of greater than 5% of that metered into the system, the following methodology shall apply:

- (i) The Company shall calculate the imbalance between its Purchase Gas Cost and Sales Amount on a monthly basis for said Gas Cost Zones Purchase Gas Cost amounts in excess of the 1.0526 ratio shall be disallowed by:
 - 1) Dividing total Purchase Volumes for the 12-month review period by the total Sales Volumes for the same period in said Gas Cost Zone.
 - 2) Subtracting that result from 1, which when expressed as a percentage, becomes said Gas Cost Zones Actual P/S Ratio.
 - 3) Subtracting 5.26% from said Gas Cost Zones Actual P/S Ratio, results in a Disallowance Factor for the review period.
 - 4) Multiplying the Disallowance Factor by the Purchase Volumes for each month and by the WACOG for each month, for said Gas Cost Zone will result in an amount to be disallowed each month.
 - 5) The Net Jurisdictional Cost of Gas shall be calculated by multiplying the Total Jurisdictional Sales Volume by the Actual P/S Ratio to arrive at the Calculated Purchased Volume. The Calculated Purchased Volume is then multiplied by the WACOG to arrive at the Jurisdictional Cost of Gas. The Net Jurisdictional Cost of Gas is calculated by subtracting the Disallowed Amount calculated above.
- (ii) Interest shall be applied to each monthly imbalance for said Gas Cost Zone and shall accrue for each month of the review period.
- (iii) The interest rate shall be the rate in effect during the last month of the audit period (June).
- (iv) The sum of the monthly imbalances, plus interest for the period under review shall be the Reconciliation Amount for said Gas Cost Zone or the total amount to be refunded or surcharged.

Reconciliation Factor Calculation (RFC)

The Reconciliation Amount for said Gas Cost Zone shall be divided by 12, resulting in the Reconciliation Component.

The Reconciliation Component shall be reflected in a refund or surcharge on each customer bill, according to Gas Cost Zone, over a twelve-month period beginning with the first billing cycle in September following the period covered by the review.

The Reconciliation Component for each month of the reconciliation period shall be calculated by dividing the Reconciliation Amount by the estimated Sales Volumes for the applicable billing period. The result will be a monthly Reconciliation Factor, expressed in Mcf for each Gas Cost Zone. Any under or over collection from the prior month may be factored in subsequent months Reconciliation Component.

Each month during the reconciliation period, the PGF for each Gas Cost Zone on consumer bills shall be increased or reduced by the product of the number of Mcf billed to the customer and the monthly Reconciliation Factor, as indicated in the section of PGF calculations. Any under or over collections remaining at the end of the gas reconciliation period will be carried forward to the next gas reconciliation period.

Recovery of Existing Purchased Gas Cost Imbalances

The Company shall determine the amount of unrecovered purchased gas costs applicable to the customers served in each incorporated city or rural area immediately prior to the effectiveness of new Gas Cost Zones. Any resulting over-recovery or under-recovery in excess of \$25,000 shall be charged or credited, as appropriate, to the customers in each such city or rural area. Any over-recovery or under-recovery of less than \$25,000 in any incorporated city of rural area shall be recovered along with any Purchase Gas Costs in the applicable Gas Cost Zone.

Revenue Related Tax Adjustment

Each monthly bill, as adjusted above shall also be adjusted by an amount equivalent to the various revenue related taxes, franchise fees, rentals, or other fees and charges imposed by regulatory or governmental authorities. This includes, but not limited to, Gross Receipts Taxes, Municipal Taxes, Fees, or any other governmental imposition, rental fee or charge levied that is based on any portion of revenues billed by Company.

Rate Case Expense Surcharge

Rate case expenses will be recovered through a surcharge designed for a sixty month recovery period. A \$0.0984 per Mcf surcharge shall be added to each monthly billing until the approved rate case expenses are recovered.

WEST TEXAS GAS, INC. WTG Distribution Systems RRC Tariff No: 26594

RATE SCHEDULE:	NON-DOMESTIC GAS SERVICE – WTG RATE #917
APPLICABLE TO: Environs, City of Devor operation of law.	City of Natalia, City of Somerset, City of Somerset Environs, City of Natalia vine Environs (Note, Incorporated Areas will go into effect by municipal ordinance)
EFFECTIVE DATE:	Bills Rendered on and after 02/09/2016

Subject to applicable rate adjustment provisions listed below, the following rates are the maximum applicable to Non-Domestic consumers per meter billing cycle or for any part of a billing cycle for which gas service is available at the same location.

Customer Charge	\$13.70
2013 GRIP Charge	\$ 5.33
2014 GRIP Charge	<u>\$ 1.69</u>
Total Customer Charge	\$20.72 per month

All Consumption @ \$2.59 per Mcf

The due date of the bill for utility service shall not be less than 15 days after issuance, or such other period of time as may be provided by order of the regulatory authority. A bill for utility service is delinquent if unpaid by the due date.

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Where

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Rate Case Expense Surcharge

Rate case expenses will be recovered through a surcharge designed for a sixty month recovery period. A \$0.0984 per Mcf surcharge shall be added to each monthly billing until the approved rate case expenses are recovered.

GUD NO. 10479

EXHIBIT B

Schedules

Summary Page 1 of 1

SUMMARY REPORT
WEST TEXAS GAS, INC.
INTERIM COST RECOVERY AND RATE ADJUSTMENT REPORT
IRA FILING PERIOD JANUARY 2014 - DECEMBER 2014

CHANGE TO RATE SCHEDULE FOR 2nd ANNUAL INTERIM RATE ADJUSTMENT

	(a)	#	(q)	(c)	(p)	(e)	
0		Curr	Current	Interim Cost	Proposed Customer Charge		
rine	Kate Class	Custome	Customer Charge	Recovery Adi	(Col b + Col c)		
	Rate Schedule - Texas Domestic 1/	.v	12.02 \$	0.62	\$ 12.64		
2							
33	Rate Schedule - Texas Non-Domestic 1/	\$	19.03 \$	1.69	\$ 20.72		
4							
2		2,	/	3/			

<u>Line</u> 6 Curre							
6 Curre	<u>Description</u>	Current		Proposed Billing	Difference		% Change
	Current and Proposed Billing Without Gas Costs						
7 Texa	Texas Domestic Customers - Average Monthly Bill @ 6 MCF						
8 Ra	Rate Schedule - Texas Domestic 1/	٠,	3.76 \$	3.76 \$		Ä	0.000%
9 Av	Average Monthly Volume		9	9			0.000%
10 Lin	Line 8 X Line 9	2.	22.56	22.56		١,	0.000%
11 Cu	Customer Charge	1.	12.02	12.64		0.62	5.140%
12 To	Total Billing	<u>ب</u>	34.58 \$	35.20 \$		0.62	1.787%
13							
14							
15 Texa	Texas Non-Domestic Customers -Average Monthly Bill @ 30 MCF						
16 Ra	Rate Schedule - Texas Non-Domestic 1/	\$	2.59 \$	2.59 \$			0.000%
17 Av	Average Monthly Volume		30	30			0.000%
18 Lin	Line 16 X Line 17	7	07.77	07.77		,	0.000%
19 Cu	Customer Charge	ij	19.03	20.72		1.69	8.868%
20 To	Total Billing	\$	96.73 \$	98.42 \$		1.69	1.745%

^{1/} GUD 10235, Amended Unanimous Settlement Agreement, Page 2, Item 2 2/ Includes Customer Charge from GUD 10235 plus Interim Cost Recovery Adj from GUD 10418 3/ Schedule A, Lines 21 & 22, Col (h)

Schedule A Page 1 of 1

IRA FILING PERIOD JANUARY 2014 - DECEMBER 2014 WEST TEXAS GAS, INC. INTERIM COST RECOVERY AND RATE ADJUSTMENT REPORT

Change in Investment (Col f - Col b) (h)	25,687,520 4,145,348 (20,116,585) 1,425,587	112,764 207,746 17,250 60,719	398,479 36,9945% 147,415 116,931 30,485	112,139 35,276 147,415 0.62
	ν ν 	ν	0, 0, 0	a lall a a
Texas Plant Adjusted As of 12/31/2014 (8)	142,464,502 37,246,056 (22,240,193) 82,978,253 6/	(Schedule B, Col (b), Line 1, (Schedule B, Col (b), Line 4) (Schedule B, Col (b), Line 7) (Schedule B, Col (b), Line 9) (Schedule C, Col (b), Line 5)	(Schedule A, Col (h), Lines 6+7+8+9+10) (Schedule B, Col (b), Line 16) Line 12 X Line 13) WP Meter Count Line 27, Col (b) WP Meter Count Line 26, Col (b) WP Meter Count Line 28, Col (b)	ed B, Col (b), Line 21 ed B, Col (b), Line 22] Line 17 + Line 18 Col (b), Line 26 X 12} Col (b), Line 27 X 12]
Texas Retirements (Jan 14-Dec 14) (f)	1,807,413	(Schedule A, Col (h), Line 4) times (Schedule B, Col (b), Line 1, (Schedule B, Col (b), Line 4) (Schedule B, Col (b), Line 7) (Schedule B, Col (b), Line 7 (Schedule B, Col (b), Line 7) (Schedule B, Col (b), Line 9) (Schedule C, Col (b), Line 9)	(Schedule A, Col (h) (Schedu WP Meter C WP Meter C	(Schedule A, Col (h), Line 15) times (Sched B, Col (b), Line 22) (Schedule A, Col (h), Line 15) times (Sched B, Col (b), Line 22) Line 17 + Line 18 (Schedule A, Col (h), Line 17 divided by (Schedule B, Col (b), Line 26 X 12) (Schedule A, Col (h), Line 18 divided by (Schedule B, Col (b), Line 27 X 12)
Adjustment for CIAC (Jan 14-Dec 14) (e)	(525,388) (525,388) 4/	(Schedule A, Col ((Schedule A, Col ((Schedule A, Col (Schedule A, Col dule A, Col (h), Line 17 dule A, Col (h), Line 18
Other Adjustments (Jan 14-Dec 14) (d)	(19,591,197) (19,591,197) 3/			(Sche
Net Texas Additions/Provision Before Adjustments (Jan 14-Dec 14) (C)	27,494,932 5,952,761 21,542,171			
Texas Plant At 12/31/2013 (b)	116,776,982 33,100,708 (2,123,608) 81,552,666			
<u>Description</u> (a)	Utility Plant Investment Accumulated Depreciation Other Adjustments Net Utility Plant Investment - Texas Plant (Line 1-2+3)	Calculation of Interim Rate Adjustment Amount Texas Operations: Return Depreciation Expense Non-Revenue Related Taxes (Ad Valorem Tax) Revenue Related Taxes Federal Income Tax	Interim Rate Adjustment - Total Texas Operations Percentage Texas Operations - Jurisdictional Interim Rate Adjustment - Texas Jurisdictional Operations Texas Jurisdictional Operations Subject to City Regulation Texas Jurisdictional Operations Subject to Commission Regulation Total	Total Interim Rate Adjustment Amount times Allocation Factors: Rate Schedule - Texas Domestic Rate Schedule - Texas Non Domestic Total Total Change in Customer Charge: Rate Schedule - Texas Domestic Rate Schedule - Texas Non Domestic
Line	T 7 K 4	5 6 7 10	12 13 14 15 16 17	19 20 21 22 23 24 24

Schedule D, Line 34, Col (e), (h), (i)
 WP Plant Additions, Line 210, Col (s) and WP Accum Depr Line 34, Col (h)
 Manual Additions, Line 210, Col (s) and WP Accum Depr Line 34, Col (h)
 This adjustment represents capital costs incurred on a 42-mile 10" mainline project in Dimmit and LaSalle Counties. These capital costs are being excluded from the interim rate adjustment calculation due to allocation methods established in Docket No. 2023 that would unfairly burden WTG jurisdictional customers. WTG will defer including these capital costs until its next rate case filing pursuant to Utility Code 104.301.
 WP Retirements Line 101, Col (g)
 WP Retirements Line 101, Col (s)
 Schedule H, Line 34, Col (e), (h), (i)

WEST TEXAS GAS, INC INTERIM COST RECOVERY AND RATE ADJUSTMENT REPORT IRA FILING PERIOD JANUARY 2014 - DECEMBER 2014

<u>Reference</u> (c)	GUD 10235, Amended Unanimous Settlement Agreement, Item 3, Pages 2 & 3	Schedule F. Line 34, Col (1), Depreciation expense on investments incurred during the report period			GUD 1023S, Amended Unanimous Settlement Agreement, Item 4-b, Page 3	Schedules I, I-1 & I-1.1	GUD 10235, Amended Unanimous Settlement Agreement, Item 4-d, Page 3			From GUD 10235, Schedule K-1.1, Line 10, Col (c)	From GUD 10235, Schedule K-1.1, Line 10, Col (d)		From GUD 10235, Schedule K-1.1, Line 10, Col (e)	Sum of Line 17 & 18			GUD 10235, Amended Unanimous Settlement Agreement, Item 4-f, Page 3	GUD 10235, Amended Unanimous Settlement Agreement, Item 4-f, Page 3	Sum of Line 25 and 26			Schedule WP Customer Count, Line 43, Col (d)	Schedule WP Customer Count, Line 43, Col (e)	Schedule WP Customer Count, Line 43, Col (f)	Sum of Lines 26, 27 & 28 (Schedule WP Customer Count, Line 43, Col (h))		Schedule WP Meter Count, Line 9, Col(b)	Schedule WP Meter Count, Line 4, Col(b)	Schedule WP Meter Count, Line 17, Col(b)
<u>Total</u> (b)	7.9100%	207,746		1	1.210%	•	53.84615%			30.1529%	6.8416%	36.9945%	63.0100%	100.00%			76.07%	23.93%	100.00%			15,125	1,742	4,208	21,075		13,379	3,488	16,867
<u>Description</u> (a)	Return Factor	Depreciation Expense Depreciation Expense Texas Plant	-	Property Related Taxes	Required Property Tax Factor	Revenue Related Taxes 1/	Federal Income Tax Factor Calculation (1 / .65) * (.35)	1	Allocation Factors:	Texas Jurisdictional Domestic	Texas Jurisdictional Non-Domestic	Total Jurisdictional	Texas Non- Jurisdictional			Allocation Factors:	Texas Domestic	Texas Non-Domestic			Meter Count 2014	Texas Jurisdictional Domestic	Texas Jurisdictional Non-Domestic	Texas Non-Jurisdictional	Total Meter Count		Texas Jurisdictional Subject to City Regulation	Texas Jurisdictional Subject to Commission Regulation	Total Meter Count Jurisdictional
Line	1 2	1 W 4	2	9 !	~ 80	6				14	15	16	17	18	19		21	22	23	24		56	27	28	59	30	31	35	33

^{1/} Revenue related taxes are shown on Schedule I. No portion of this tax expense is being included with this filing. While a portion of the expense can be allocated to Texas operations, WTG does not have an allocation method developed to calculate the taxes related to the increased investment for this filing period.

WP Customer Count Page 1 of 1

WEST TEXAS GAS, INC. CUSTOMER / METER COUNT JANUARY - DECEMBER 2014

136 711 333 645 102 216 383 85 822 838 838 838 822 822 838 838 838 84,563 21,075 325 429 164 164 175 567 282 284 181 181 289 85 1,064 742 137 202 686 686 686 686 686 687 160 72 129 2,274 1,519 4,154 (AT DEC 31, 2014) METER CT TOTAL 13 47 47 47 50 50 60 17 17 17 18 94 94 94 10 10 (g) NON-DOMESTIC 27 76 52 146 47 26 24 61 141 75 682 (AT DEC 31, 2014) METER CT TOTAL . 21 6 6 74 . 26 825 868 3,124 131 4,208 NON-DOMESTIC (AT DEC 31, 2014) ENVIRONS METER CT 75 52 146 7 47 21 24 40 1,742 NON-DOMESTIC INCORPORATED (AT DEC 31, 2014) METER CT (e) 136 58 113 2,050 684 684 312 385 385 382 139 134 517 240 72 72 72 648 882 648 579 579 109 635 281 499 95 169 357 61 61 61 697 217 15,125 3,881 [AT DEC 31, 2014] DOMESTIC METER CT TOTAL 99 627 815 . 47 47 12 10 10 . 16 35 50 50 408 97 1,045 2,398 164 (AT DEC 31, 2014) (c) DOMESTIC ENVIRONS METER CT 595 281 493 93 169 193 59 59 600 113 1,951 57 300 372 372 1139 1129 1129 1164 224 37 37 37 1177 1177 1177 1177 10,567 (AT DEC 31, 2014) INCORPORATED DOMESTIC METER CT 9 TEXHOMA TEXLINE WHEELER NORTH ZONE RURAL AREAS SOUTH ZONE RURAL AREAS WEST ZONE RURAL AREAS SOUTH GAS COST ZONE: NORTH GAS COST ZONE: DESCRIPTION WEST GAS COST ZONE: (a) GRAND TOTAL DARROUZETTE BALMORHEA CHRISTOVAL SUB-TOTAL SUB-TOTAL SUB-TOTAL STRATFORD PAINT ROCK SHAMROCK CANADIAN SOMERSET MOBEETIE JUNCTION LUBBOCK DALHART FARWELL LA PRYOR IMPERIAL FOLLETT GROOM MENARD NATALIA CLAUDE HIGGINS SONORA CACTUS MIAMI KERMIT DEVINE EDEN Line #

1/ Ties to P. 32, Line 8, Col (b), Total Dist Operations, Texas - 2014 TRC Annual Report

WP Meter Count Page 1 of 1

WEST TEXAS GAS, INC. CUSTOMER / METER COUNT JANUARY - DECEMBER 2014

	(a)		(b)
1	Subject to Commission Regulation		
2	Domestic		3,429
3	Non-Domestic		59
4	Total		3,488
5			
6	Subject to City Regulation		
7	Domestic		11,696
8	Non-Domestic		1,683
9	Total		13,379
10			
11	Non-Jurisdictional		4,208
12	Total		4,208
13			
14			
15	Total Domestic		15,125
16	Total Non-Domestic		1,742
17	Total Jurisdictional Meter Count		16,867
18	Total Non-Jurisdictional		4,208
19	Total Meter Count		21,075
20			
21			
22			
23			
24	Total Interim Rate Adjustment	\$	147,415
25			
26	IRA allocated for Commission Regulation (Based on Mtr Ct)	\$	30,485
27	IRA allocated for City Regulation (Based on Mtr Ct)	\$ \$ \$	116,931
28		\$	147,415

Reference (c) WEST TEXAS GAS, INC INTERIM COST RECOVERY AND RATE ADJUSTMENT REPORT IRA FILING PERIOD JANUARY 2014 - DECEMBER 2014 Factors (b) Description

Line

Federal Income Tax Factor Federal Income Tax Adjustment Factor Change in Invested Capital - Net Utility Plant Change in Federal Income Tax Approved Return Rate Factor

1 2 8 4 5

GUD 10235, Amended Unanimous Settlement Agreeement, Item 3, Pages 2 & 3 Schedule B, Col (b), Line 11 Schedule A, Col (h), Line 4 Line 3 X Line 4 Line 1 X Line 2 7.91% 53.85% 4.259% 1,425,587 60,719

Schedule C Page 1 of 1

SIGNED this 23rd day of February, 2016.

RAILROAD COMMISSION OF TEXAS

DAVID PORTER CHAIRMAN

CHRISTI CRADDICK COMMISSIONER

RYAN SITTON
COMMISSIONER

ATTEST

SECRETARY